

REVISION RECORD FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

ERRATA

February 28, 2003

Title 24, Part 2, California Building Code

This revision record contains all the errata affecting the above-entitled portion of the California Code of Regulations.

By starting with a full loose-leaf copy of the 2001 *California Building Code* and substituting the revised pages (buff) listed below, the user will have a complete 2001 *California Building Code* in correct numerical sequence. It is suggested that the section number as well as the page number be checked when inserting this material and removing the superseded material. In case of doubt, rely on the section numbers rather than the page numbers because the section numbers must run consecutively.

**Please keep the removed pages with this
revision record for future reference.**

VOLUME 1

Remove Existing Pages

1-29 and 1-30
1-115 and 1-116
1-134.81 through 1-134.84
1-449 and 1-450

Insert New Buff Pages

1-29 and 1-30
1-115 and 1-116
1-134.81 through 1-134.84
1-449 and 1-450

Access to, and egress from, buildings required to be accessible shall be provided as specified in Chapter 11.

309.5 Light, Ventilation and Sanitation. In Group M Occupancies, light, ventilation and sanitation shall be as specified in Chapters 12 and 29.

309.6 Shaft and Exit Enclosures. Exits shall be enclosed as specified in Chapter 10.

Elevator shafts, vent shafts and other openings through floors shall be enclosed, and the enclosure shall be as specified in Section 711.

In buildings housing Group M Occupancies equipped with automatic sprinkler systems throughout, enclosures need not be provided for escalators where the top of the escalator opening at each story is provided with a draft curtain and automatic fire sprinklers are installed around the perimeter of the opening within 2 feet (610 mm) of the draft curtain. The draft curtain shall enclose the perimeter of the unenclosed opening and extend from the ceiling downward at least 12 inches (305 mm) on all sides. The spacing between sprinklers shall not exceed 6 feet (1829 mm).

309.7 Sprinkler and Standpipe Systems. When required by other provisions of this code, automatic sprinkler systems and standpipes shall be installed as specified in Chapter 9.

309.8 Special Hazards. For special hazards of Group M Occupancies, see Section 304.8.

Storage and use of flammable and combustible liquids shall be in accordance with the Fire Code.

Buildings erected or converted to house high-piled combustible stock or aerosols shall comply with the Fire Code.

SECTION 310 — REQUIREMENTS FOR GROUP R OCCUPANCIES

310.1 Group R Occupancies Defined. Group R Occupancies shall be:

Division 1. Hotels and apartment houses.

Congregate residences (each accommodating more than 10 persons).

Division 2. Not used.

[For SFM] Division 2.1. Residentially-based, licensed facilities accommodating more than six nonambulatory clients. This division may include ambulatory clients. Licensing categories that may use this classification include, but are not limited to: Adult Residential Facilities, Congregate Living Health Facilities, Residential Care Facilities for the Elderly, Group Homes and Residential Care Facilities for the Chronically Ill.

[For SFM] Division 2.1.1. Residentially-based, licensed facilities accommodating six or less nonambulatory clients. This division may include ambulatory clients. Licensing categories that may use this classification include, but are not limited to: Adult Residential Facilities, Congregate Living Health Facilities, Foster Family Homes, Intermediate Care Facilities for the Developmentally Disabled Habilitative, Intermediate Care Facilities for the Developmentally Disabled Nursing, nurseries for the full-time care of children under the age of six, but not including "infants" as defined in Section 210; Residential Care Facilities for the Elderly, Small Family Homes and Residential Care Facilities for the Chronically Ill.

[For SFM] Division 2.2. Residentially-based, licensed facilities accommodating more than six ambulatory clients. This division may include nonambulatory clients and shall not exceed six

nonambulatory clients. Licensing categories that may use this classification include, but are limited to: Adult Residential Facilities, Residential Care Facilities for the Elderly, Group Homes, Community Treatment Facilities and Social Rehabilitation Facilities.

[For SFM] Division 2.2.1. Residentially-based, licensed facilities accommodating six or less ambulatory clients. This division may include a maximum of two nonambulatory clients. Licensing categories that may use this classification include, but are not limited to: Adult Residential Facilities, Intermediate Care Facilities for the Developmentally Disabled Habilitative, Intermediate Care Facilities for the Developmentally Disabled Nursing, Nursing Homes, Residential Care Facilities for the Elderly, Foster Family Homes, Group Homes, Small Family Homes, Community Treatment Facilities and Social Rehabilitation Facilities.

[For SFM] Division 2.3. Residentially-based, licensed facilities providing hospice care throughout accommodating more than six bedridden clients. Licensing categories that may use this classification are limited to: Congregate Living Health Facilities for the Terminally Ill and Residential Care Facilities for the Chronically Ill.

[For SFM] Division 2.3.1. Residentially-based facilities providing hospice care throughout accommodating six or less bedridden clients. Licensing categories that may use this classification are limited to: Congregate Living Health Facilities for the Terminally Ill and Residential Care Facilities for the Chronically Ill.

Division 3. [For HCD, SFM] Dwellings and those dwellings used for large family day-care homes (as defined in Chapter 2, Section 205) and lodging houses. Licensing categories that may use this classification include, but are not limited to: Adult Day-care Facilities, Family Day-care Homes, Adult Day-support Center, Day-care Center for Mildly Ill Children, Infant Care Center and School Age Child Day-care Center.

Congregate residences (each accommodating 10 persons or less).

For occupancy separations, see Table 3-B.

A complete code for construction of detached one- and two-family dwellings is in Appendix Chapter 3, Division III, of this code. When adopted, as set forth in Section 101.3, it will take precedence over the other requirements set forth in this code.

Division 6 Occupancies (see Appendix Chapter 3A) shall be residential group care facilities, which provide care and/or supervisory services. Restraint shall not be practiced in these facilities.

Such residential group care facilities are limited to halfway houses such as community correctional centers, community correction reentry centers, community treatment programs, work furlough programs, and alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities.

Group R, Division 6.1; with more than six nonambulatory residents.

Group R, Division 6.2; with more than six ambulatory residents.

Group R, Division 6.1.1; with six or less nonambulatory residents.

Group R, Division 6.2.1; with six or less ambulatory residents.

310.1.1 [For SFM] Special Provisions for Group R, Division 2 Occupancies. Clients who become temporarily bedridden as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 1569.72, as enforced by the Department of Social Services, may continue to be housed on any story in Group R, Division 2 Occupancies classified as Resi-

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The clear width shall be increased as follows:

1. For rows of seating served by aisles or doorways at both ends, there shall be no more than 100 seats per row. The minimum clear width of 12 inches (305 mm) for aisle accessways shall be increased by 0.3 inch (7.6 mm) for every additional seat beyond 14, but the minimum clear width need not exceed 22 inches (559 mm). If the aisles are dead-ended, see Section 1004.3.2.4 for further limitations.

EXCEPTION: For smoke-protected assembly seating, the row length limits, beyond which the minimum clear width of 12 inches (305 mm) must be increased, may be in accordance with Table 10-E.

2. For rows of seating served by an aisle or doorway at one end only, the minimum clear width of 12 inches (305 mm) for aisle accessways shall be increased by 0.6 inch (15 mm) for every additional seat beyond seven, but the minimum clear width need not exceed 22 inches (559 mm).

EXCEPTION: For smoke-protected assembly seating, the row length limits, beyond which the minimum clear width of 12 inches (305 mm) must be increased, may be in accordance with Table 10-E.

In addition, the distance to the point where the occupant has a choice of two directions of travel to an exit shall not exceed 30 feet (9144 mm) from the point where the occupant is seated.

EXCEPTION: For smoke-protected assembly seating, the distance to the point where the occupant has a choice of two directions of travel to an exit may be increased to 50 feet (15 240 mm) from the point where the occupant is seated.

1004.3.2.4 Aisle termination. Aisles shall terminate at a cross aisle, vomitory, foyer or doorway. Aisles shall not have a dead end more than 20 feet (6096 mm) in length.

EXCEPTIONS: 1. A longer dead-end aisle is permitted where seats served by the dead-end aisle are not more than 24 seats from another aisle measured along a row of seats having a minimum clear width of 12 inches (305 mm) plus 0.6 inch (15 mm) for each additional seat above seven in a row.

2. When seats are without backrests, dead ends in vertical aisles shall not exceed a distance of 16 rows.

3. For smoke-protected assembly seating, the dead ends in vertical aisles shall not exceed a distance of 21 rows.

4. For smoke-protected assembly seating, a longer dead-end aisle is permitted where seats served by the dead-end aisle are no more than 40 seats from another aisle, measured along a row of seats having an aisle accessway with a minimum clear width of 12 inches (305 mm) plus 0.3 inch (7.6 mm) for each additional seat above seven in the row.

Each end of a cross aisle shall terminate at an aisle, vomitory, foyer or doorway.

1004.3.2.5 Aisle steps.

1004.3.2.5.1 Where prohibited. Steps shall not be used in aisles having a slope of 1 unit vertical in 8 units horizontal (12.5% slope) or less.

1004.3.2.5.2 Where required. Aisles with a slope steeper than 1 unit vertical in 8 units horizontal (12.5% slope) shall consist of a series of risers and treads extending across the entire width of the aisle.

The height of risers shall not be more than 8 inches (203 mm) nor less than 4 inches (102 mm) and the tread run shall not be less than 11 inches (279 mm). The riser height shall be uniform within each flight and the tread run shall be uniform throughout the aisle. Variations in run or height between adjacent treads or risers shall not exceed $\frac{3}{16}$ inch (4.8 mm).

EXCEPTION: Where the slope of aisle steps and the adjoining seating area is the same, the riser heights may be increased to a maximum of 9 inches (229 mm) and may be nonuniform, but only to the extent necessitated by changes in the slope of the adjoining seating area to maintain adequate sight lines. Variations may exceed $\frac{3}{16}$ inch (4.8

mm) between adjacent risers, provided the exact location of such variations is identified with a marking stripe on each tread at the nosing or leading edge adjacent to the nonuniform riser. The marking stripe shall be distinctively different from the contrasting marking stripe.

A contrasting marking stripe or other approved marking shall be provided on each tread at the nosing or leading edge such that the location of each tread is readily apparent when viewed in descent. Such stripe shall be a minimum of 1 inch (25 mm) wide and a maximum of 2 inches (51 mm) wide.

EXCEPTION: The marking stripe may be omitted where tread surfaces are such that the location of each tread is readily apparent when viewed in descent.

1004.3.2.6 Ramp slope. The slope of ramped aisles shall not be more than 1 unit vertical in 8 units horizontal (12.5% slope). Ramped aisles shall have a slip-resistant surface.

1004.3.2.7 Handrails. Handrails shall comply with the height, size and shape dimensions set forth in Section 1003.3.3.6, and ends shall be returned or shall have rounded terminations or bends. Ramped aisles having a slope steeper than 1 unit vertical in 15 units horizontal (6.7% slope) and aisle stairs (two or more adjacent steps) shall have handrails located either at the side or within the aisle width. Handrails may project into the required aisle width a distance of $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches (89 mm).

EXCEPTIONS: 1. Handrails may be omitted on ramped aisles having a slope not steeper than 1 unit vertical in 8 units horizontal (12.5% slope) and having fixed seats on both sides of the aisle.

2. Handrails may be omitted where a guardrail is at the side of an aisle that conforms to the size and shape requirements for handrails.

Handrails located within the aisle width shall be discontinuous with gaps or breaks at intervals not to exceed five rows. These gaps or breaks shall have a clear width of not less than 22 inches (559 mm) nor more than 36 inches (914 mm) measured horizontally. Such handrails shall have an additional intermediate handrail located 12 inches (305 mm) below the main handrail.

1004.3.3 Hallways.

1004.3.3.1 General. Hallways serving as a portion of the exit access in the means of egress system shall comply with the requirements of Section 1004.3.3. Hallways may be used as an exit-access component unless specifically prohibited based on requirements specified elsewhere in this chapter. For exit-access design purposes, hallways shall be considered as intervening rooms.

1004.3.3.2 Width. The width of hallways shall be determined as specified in Section 1003.2.3, but such width shall not be less than 44 inches (1118 mm), except as specified herein. Hallways serving an occupant load of less than 50 shall not be less than 36 inches (914 mm) in width.

The required width of hallways shall be unobstructed.

EXCEPTION: Doors, when fully opened, and handrails shall not reduce the required width by more than 7 inches (178 mm). Doors in any position shall not reduce the required width by more than one half. Other nonstructural projections such as trim and similar decorative features may project into the required width $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches (38 mm) from each side.

1004.3.3.3 Construction. Hallways are not required to be of fire-resistive construction unless a building element of the hallway is required to be of fire-resistive construction by some other provision of this code.

Hallways in buildings of Types I or II construction shall be of noncombustible construction, except where combustible materials are permitted in applicable building elements by other provisions of this code. Hallways in buildings of Types III, IV or V construction may be of combustible or noncombustible construction.

Hallways may have walls of any height. Partitions, rails, counters and similar space dividers not over 6 feet (1829 mm) in height above the floor shall not be construed to form a hallway.

1004.3.3.4 Openings. There is no restriction as to the amount and type of openings permitted in hallways, unless protection of openings is required by some other provision of this code.

1004.3.3.5 Elevator lobbies. Elevators opening into hallways need not be provided with elevator lobbies unless smoke- and draft-control assemblies are required for the protection of elevator door openings by some other provision of this code.

1004.3.4 Corridors.

1004.3.4.1 General. Corridors serving as a portion of an exit access in the means of egress system shall comply with the requirements of Section 1004.3.4.

For restrictions on the use of corridors to convey air, see Chapter 6 of the Mechanical Code.

1004.3.4.2 Width. The width of corridors shall be determined as specified in Section 1003.2.3, but such width shall not be less than 44 inches (1118 mm), except as specified herein. Corridors serving an occupant load of less than 50 shall not be less than 36 inches (914 mm) in width.

The required width of corridors shall be unobstructed.

EXCEPTION: Doors, when fully opened, and handrails shall not reduce the required width by more than 7 inches (178 mm). Doors in any position shall not reduce the required width by more than one half. Other nonstructural projections such as trim and similar decorative features may project into the required width 1½ inches (38 mm) from each side.

1004.3.4.3 Construction. [For SFM] Corridors of Groups C; I and R, Division 2 Occupancies having an occupant load of seven or more; and Groups E shall be fully enclosed by walls, a floor, a ceiling and permitted protected openings. The walls and ceilings of corridors shall be constructed of fire-resistive materials as specified in Section 1004.3.4.3.1.

EXCEPTIONS: 1. One-story buildings housing Group F, Division 2 and Group S, Division 2 Occupancies.

2. Corridors more than 30 feet (9144 mm) in width where occupancies served by such corridors have at least one exit independent from the corridor. (See Chapter 4 for covered malls.)

3. In Group I, Division 3 Occupancies such as jails, prisons, reformatories and similar buildings with open-barred cells forming corridor walls, the corridors and cell doors need not be fire-resistive.

4. Corridor walls and ceilings need not be of fire-resistive construction within office spaces having an occupant load of 100 or less when the entire story in which the space is located is equipped with an automatic sprinkler system throughout and an automatic smoke-detection system installed within the corridor. The actuation of any detector shall activate alarms audible in all areas served by the corridor.

5. Corridor walls and ceilings need not be of fire-resistive construction within office spaces having an occupant load of 100 or less when the building in which the space is located is equipped with an automatic sprinkler system throughout.

6. In Group B office buildings of Type I, Type II-FR and Type II one-hour construction, corridor walls and ceilings need not be of fire-resistive construction within office spaces of a single tenant when the entire story in which the space is located is equipped with an approved automatic sprinkler system and an automatic smoke-detection system is installed within the corridor. The actuation of any detector shall activate alarms audible in all areas served by the corridor.

7. [For SFM] Group E Occupancies, when each room used for instruction has at least one exit door directly to the exterior at ground level, and when rooms used for assembly purposes have at least one half of the required "access to exits" that exit directly to the exterior at ground level.

Corridor floors are not required to be of fire-resistive construction unless specified by some other provision of this code.

Corridors in buildings of Type I or II construction shall be of noncombustible construction, except where combustible materials are permitted in applicable building elements by other provisions of this code. Corridors in buildings of Type III, IV or V construction may be of combustible or noncombustible construction.

1004.3.4.3.1 Fire-resistive materials. Corridor walls shall be constructed of materials approved for one-hour fire-resistive construction on each side. Corridor walls shall extend vertically to a floor-ceiling or roof-ceiling constructed in accordance with one of the following:

1. The corridor-side fire-resistive membrane of the corridor wall shall terminate at the corridor ceiling membrane constructed of materials approved for a one-hour fire-resistive floor-ceiling or roof-ceiling assembly to include suspended ceilings, dropped ceilings and lay-in roof-ceiling panels, which are a portion of a fire-resistive assembly.

The room-side fire-resistive membrane of the corridor wall shall terminate at the underside of a floor or roof constructed of materials approved for a one-hour fire-resistive floor-ceiling or roof-ceiling assembly.

EXCEPTION: Where the corridor ceiling is an element of not less than a one-hour fire-resistive floor-ceiling or roof-ceiling assembly at the entire story, both sides of corridor walls may terminate at the ceiling membrane.

2. The corridor ceiling may be constructed of materials approved for a fire-resistive wall assembly. When this method is utilized, the corridor-side fire-resistive membrane of the corridor wall shall terminate at the lower ceiling membrane and the room-side fire-resistive membrane of the corridor wall shall terminate at the upper ceiling membrane.

Corridor ceilings of noncombustible construction may be suspended below the fire-resistive ceiling membrane.

For wall and ceiling finish requirements, see Table 8-B.

1004.3.4.3.2 Openings. Openings in corridors shall be protected in accordance with the requirements of this section.

EXCEPTIONS: 1. Corridors that are excepted from fire-resistive requirements by Section 1004.3.4.3.

2. Corridors on the exterior walls of buildings may have unprotected openings to the exterior when permitted by Table 5-A.

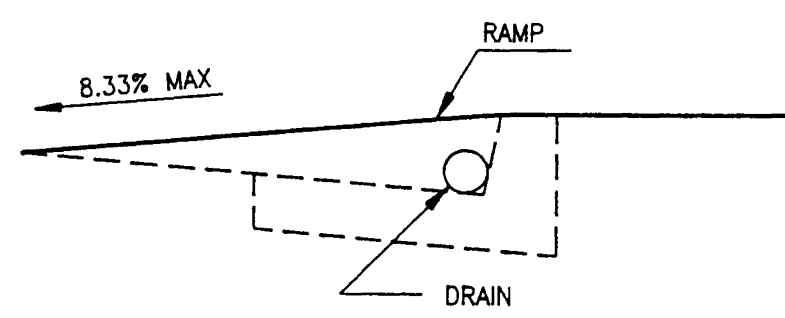
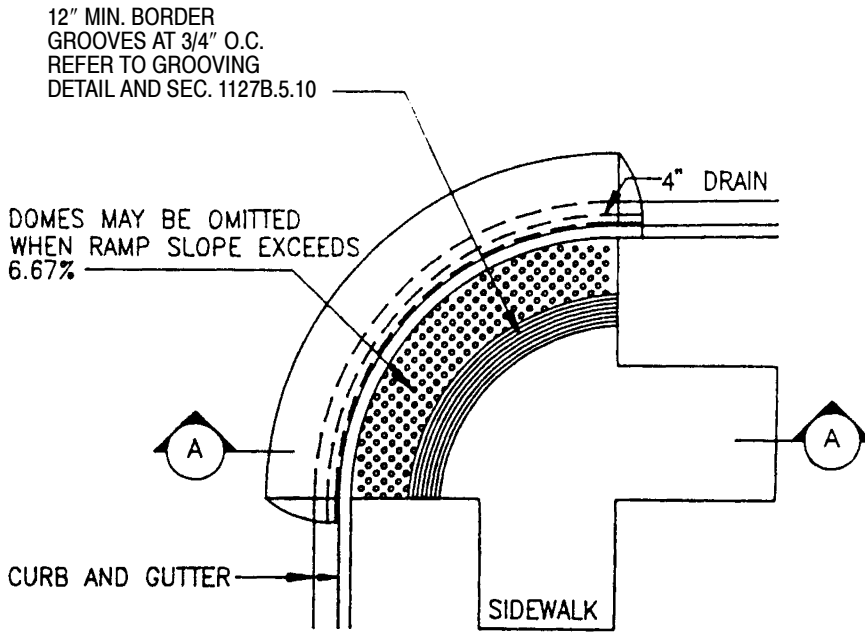
3. Corridors in multitheater complexes may have unprotected openings where each motion picture auditorium has at least one half of its required exit or exit-access doorways opening directly to the exterior or into an exit passageway.

1004.3.4.3.2.1 Doors. All exit-access doorways and doorways from unoccupied areas to a corridor shall be protected by tightfitting smoke- and draft-control assemblies having a fire-protection rating of not less than 20 minutes when tested in accordance with UBC Standard 7-2, Part II. Such doors shall not have louvers, mail slots or similar openings. The door and frame shall bear an approved label or other identification showing the rating thereof, followed by the letter "S," the name of the manufacturer and the identification of the service conducting the inspection of materials and workmanship at the factory during fabrication and assembly. Doors shall be maintained self-closing or shall be automatic closing by actuation of a smoke detector in accordance with Section 713.2. Smoke- and draft-control door assemblies shall be provided with a gasket installed so as to provide a seal where the door meets the stop on both sides and across the top.

EXCEPTION: View ports may be installed if they require a hole not larger than 1 inch (25 mm) in diameter through the door, have at least a ¼-inch-thick (6.4 mm) glass disc and the holder is of metal that will not melt out when subject to temperatures of 1,700°F (927°C).

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SECTION A-A

THESE DIAGRAMS ILLUSTRATE THE SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS OF THESE REGULATIONS AND ARE INTENDED ONLY AS AN AID FOR BUILDING DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION.

FIGURE 11B-19A—CURB DETAILS

Section 470A.2.3 – In item 7, revise “water closet” to “toilet”.

Section 470A.2.6 – In item 4, revise “water closet” to “toilet”.

Section 470A.2.7 – In item 4, revise “water closet” to “toilet”.

Section 470A.2.8 – In item 3, revise “water closets” to “toilets”.

Section 470A.2.9 – In item 1, after the word “inmate” add “;” and delete the words “exclusive of circulation corridors of 3 feet (914 mm) in width in front of cells/rooms;”; and in item 3 revise “water closets” to “toilets”.

Section 470A.2.10 – Insert a new paragraph 3 to read “The exercise area must contain or provide free access to a toilet, wash basin, and drinking fountain as provided in Section 470A.3.”

Section 470A.2.12 – revise the first sentence to read “There must be a minimum of one suitably equipped medical examination room in every facility which provides on-site health care.”; add items “4. Provide lockable storage for medical supplies.” and “5. Any room where medical procedures are provided must be equipped with hot and cold running water.”

Section 470A.2.15 – Delete heading and the entire section.

Section 470A.2.22 – Delete the last sentence.

Section 470A.2.25 – Revise to read “There must be a minimum of one suitably furnished interview room for confidential interviews in every facility which provides on-site health care. The interview room shall be designed in consultation with responsible custody staff and health care staff. Such an interview room shall:”

Section A3.1 – Revise the title to read “**Toilets/urinals.**”; delete the section language and its exception inserting 6 new items and a Note.

Section 470A.3.2 – Revise the first “**Wash Basins.**” To a bold title; omit the balance of the language and exception; insert 7 new items.

Section 470A.3.3 – Revise the first sentence to read “... single-occupancy cell, double occupancy cell, dormitory, temporary holding cell, temporary staging cell, and sobering cell and be accessible to the occupants of dayrooms and exercise areas.”; revise item 1 to replace both locations of “water outlet” with “drinking fountain bubbler”; delete item 2; renumber item 3 as item 2.

Section 470A.3.4 – add “NOTE: Shower areas shall provide modesty for inmates with staff being able to visually supervise.”.

Section 470A.3.5 – In all locations revise “beds/bunks” to “beds”.

Section 470A.3.9 – in the title delete “/shelves/clothes hooks”; and delete all but the first sentence.

Section 470A.3.10 – Replace the first sentence with “In temporary holding and temporary staging cells, seating must be securely fixed to the floor and/or wall.”

9. January 2, 2003 Supplement approved by the California Building Standards Commission on January 31, 2001, Filed with the Secretary of State on February 2, 2001, published January 1, 2003, and effective 180 days after publication – July 1, 2003:

Section 460A.1.7 – In item 3, revise “... a maximum of 144 ...” to read “... a minimum of 144 ...”.

Section 460A.1.8 – In item 3, revise “... a maximum of 144 ...” to read “... a minimum of 144 ...”.

Section 460A.1.11 – Replace item 1. language.

Section 460A.1.11 – In item 1.1, revise “... one half ...” to read “... one quarter ...”.

Section 460A.1.11 – Revise item 1.2 to read “The required recreation area shall contain no single dimension less than 40 feet.”

Section 460A.1.12 – Revise to read “**Academic Classrooms.** There shall be dedicated academic classroom space for every juvenile in every facility. The primary purpose for the academic classroom shall be for education. Each academic classroom shall contain ...”; and, add the NOTE words as the last sentence of this section.

Section 460A.1.14 – delete the “and,” for the end of item 4; and, delete the “.” and add “; and,” to the end of item 5; and, insert a new item “6. Smooth, non porous, washable surfaces.”

Section 460A.2.1 – Revise the NOTE of item 3 to read “... provide modesty for ...”.

Section 460A.2.3 – insert new items 1. and 2.

Section 460A.2.5 – Delete the last “.” And add new language “... measured from any side of the bed. Beds placed”.

Section 470A.1 – Under **Living Areas**, revise “... as detoxification safety ...” to read “... as sobering safety ...”.

Section 470A.2.1 – In item 3., revise “A detoxification cell ...” to read “A sobering cell ...”; and, at the end, add “For those facilities that accept male and female intoxicated inmates, two sobering cells shall be provided.”

Section 470A.2.1 – Revise item 4. to read “Access to a shower within the secure portion of the facility.”

Section 470A.2.1 – Add a new item “8. Unobstructed access to hot and cold running water for staff use.”

Section 470A.2.4 – Revise it to read “**Sobering cell.** A sobering cell shall.”; and, add a new item “8. Have accessible a shower in the secure portion of the facility.”

Section 470A.2.5 – In item 1 revise the second line to read “... with no one floor dimension being less than 6 feet ...”; and, add a new item “8. any wall or ceiling mounted devices must be inaccessible to the inmate occupant.”

Section 470A.2.8 – In item 1 revise the second line to read “... single-bed unit; a minimum of 70 square ...”; and, revise the third line to read “... double-bed unit; and a minimum of 90 square feet for a triple-bed unit and have a minimum ...”.

Section 470A.2.9 – At the end of item 2. delete the “.” And add the words “allowed access at a given time;”

Section 470A.2.14 – Add a new second paragraph to read “If negative pressure isolation rooms are being planned, they shall be designed to recognized industry standards.”

Section 470A.2.16 – Revise the language in the third to the end of the section to read “... to purchase items. When commissary supplies are kept within the security perimeter for a facility, an area shall be provided for the secure storage of the stock for such inmate canteen items.”

Section 470A.2.20 – Revise the second line to read “... janitor’s closet, with sufficient area ...”; and, revise the third line to read “... cleaning implements and supplies, must be ...”; and revise the fourth line to read “... of the facility. A mop sink shall also be available within the security area of the facility. In court holding, ...”

Section 470A.3.5 – Revise the first line to read “... must be elevated off the floor, have a solid bottom, and a sleeping surface of at least ...”; and in the second and third lines, end the sentence at “long.” delete the words “and be of the pan-bottom type or constructed of concrete.”

Section 470A.3.8 – Revise “In detoxification cells ...” to read “In sobering cells ...”.

10. (OSHPD EF 01/02) Amend Chapters 4 and 10 of Part 2, Title 24. Approved as emergency by the California Building Stan-

dards Commission on January 15, 2003 and filed with the Secretary of State on January 16, 2003. Effective January 16, 2003.

11. Errata February 1, 2003:

Page 1-30: In Division 6 Occupancies, add reference to Appendix Chapter 3A.

Page 1-116, In Section 1004.3.4.3, insert [For SFM] and revise “. . . or more in Group E shall . . .” to “or more; and Group E shall . . .”

Page 1-134.82: In Figure 11B-18A, revise both parking stall widths to 9'-0" and the crosshatched divider to 5'-0".

Page 1-134.83: In both Figures 11B-18B and 11B-18C, revise parking stall width to 9'-0".