

**REVISION RECORD FOR THE
STATE OF CALIFORNIA
EMERGENCY SUPPLEMENT**

November 30, 2005

2001 Title 24, Part 2, California Building Code

**PLEASE NOTE: The date of this Emergency Supplement is for identification purposes only.
See the History Note Appendix for the adoption and effective dates of the provisions.**

It is suggested that the section number as well as the page number be checked when inserting this material and removing the superseded material. In case of doubt, rely on the section numbers rather than the page numbers because the section numbers must run consecutively.

It is further suggested that the superseded material be retained with this revision record sheet so that the prior wording of any section can be easily ascertained.

Please keep the removed pages with this revision page for future reference.

NOTE

Due to the fact that the application date for a building permit establishes the California Building Standards code provisions that are effective at the local level, which apply to the plans, specifications, and construction for that permit, it is strongly recommended that the removed pages be retained for historical reference.

VOLUME 1

Remove Existing Pages

1-134.1 through 134.4B
1-449 and 1-450

Insert New Pages

1-134.1 through 134.4B
1-449 and 1-450

2. In determining equivalent facilitation, consideration shall be given to means that provide for the maximum independence of persons with disabilities while presenting the least risk of harm, injury or other hazard to such persons or others.

1102A.6-F FACILITY (or FACILITIES) is a building, structure, room, site, complex or any portion thereof, that is built, altered, improved or developed to serve a particular purpose.

1102A.7-G GRAB BAR is a bar for the purpose of being grasped by the hand for support.

GRADE. See Chapter 2, Section 208-G.

GROUND FLOOR is the floor of a building with a building entrance on an accessible route. A building may have one or more ground floors. Where the first floor containing dwelling units in a building is above grade, all units on that floor must be served by a building entrance on an accessible route. This floor will be considered to be a ground floor.

1102A.8-H HANDRAIL is a device to be used as a hand hold.

1102A.9-I INDEPENDENT ENTITY. See Chapter 2, Section 210-I.

INTERNATIONAL SYMBOL OF ACCESSIBILITY is that symbol adopted by Rehabilitation International's 11th World Congress for the purpose of indicating that buildings and facilities are accessible to persons with disabilities. See Chapter 12B, Figure 11B-6.

1102A.10-J (No definitions)

1102A.11-K KICK PLATE is an abrasion-resistant plate affixed to the bottom portion of a door to prevent a trap condition and protect its surface.

1102A.12-L LEVEL AREA is a specified surface that does not have a slope in any direction exceeding 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) in 1 foot (305 mm) from the horizontal (2.083 percent gradient).

LIFT, SPECIAL ACCESS. See "special access lifts."

1102A.13-M MARKED CROSSING is a crosswalk or other identified path intended for pedestrian use in crossing a vehicular way.

MULTISTORY DWELLING UNIT is a dwelling unit with finished living space located on one floor and the floor or floors immediately above or below it.

1102A.14-N NEWLY CONSTRUCTED is a building that has never before been used or occupied for any purpose.

NOSE, NOSING, is that portion of a tread projecting beyond the face of the riser immediately below.

1102A.15-O OPEN RISER is the air space between a tread projecting beyond the face of the riser immediately below.

1102A.16-P PASSAGE DOOR is a door other than an exit door through which persons may traverse.

PEDESTRIAN is an individual who moves in walking areas with or without the use of walking-assistive devices such as crutches, leg braces, wheelchairs, etc.

PEDESTRIAN RAMP is a sloping path of travel intended for pedestrian traffic and as differentiated from a curb ramp.

PEDESTRIAN WAY is a route by which a pedestrian may pass.

PERSON WITH DISABILITY is an individual who has a physical impairment, including impaired sensory, manual or speaking abilities, that results in a functional limitation in gaining access to and using a building or facility.

PERSONS WITH PHYSICAL DISABILITIES means, as with respect to a person, a physical or mental impairment which substantially limits one or more major life activities, a record of such an impairment, or being regarded as having such an impairment. This term does not include current, illegal use of or addiction to a controlled substance. For purposes of these guidelines, an individual shall not be considered to have a physical disability solely because that individual is a transvestite. As used in this definition "physical or mental impairment" includes:

Impairments which affect ambulation due to cerebral palsy, poliomyelitis, spinal cord injury, amputation, arthritis, cardiac and pulmonary conditions, and other conditions or diseases which reduce mobility, including aging. Any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic disfigurement, or anatomical loss affecting one or more of the following body systems: neurological; musculoskeletal; special sense organs; respiratory, including speech organs; cardiovascular; reproductive; digestive; genitourinary; hemic and lymphatic; skin; and endocrine; or

Any mental or psychological disorder, such as mental retardation, organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disabilities. The term "physical or mental impairment" includes, but is not limited to, such diseases and conditions as orthopedic, visual, speech and hearing impairments; cerebral palsy; autism; epilepsy; muscular dystrophy; multiple sclerosis; cancer; heart disease; diabetes; human immunodeficiency virus infection; mental retardation; emotional illness; drug addiction (other than addiction caused by current, illegal use of a controlled substance) and alcoholism. These guidelines are designed to make units accessible or adaptable for people with physical disabilities.

"Major life activities" means functions such as caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning and working.

"Has a record of such an impairment" means the person has a history of, or has been misclassified as having, a mental or physical impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities.

"Is regarded as having an impairment" means:

The person has a physical or mental impairment that does not substantially limit one or more major life activities but that is treated by another person as constituting such a limitation:

The person has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities only as a result of the attitudes of others toward such impairment; or

The person has none of the impairments defined in Section 1102A.16-P but is treated by another person as having such impairment.

POWDER ROOM is a room containing only a water closet (toilet) and lavatory (sink).

PRIMARY ENTRY is the principal entrance through which most people enter the building, as designated by the building official.

PRIMARY ENTRY LEVEL is the floor or level of the building on which the primary entry is located.

PUBLIC-USE AREAS means interior or exterior rooms or spaces of a building that are made available to the general public and does not include Common Use Areas as defined in Section 1102A.3-C. Public Use Areas may be provided at a building that is privately or publicly owned.

1102A.17-Q (No definitions)

1102A.18-R RAMP. See "Pedestrian Ramp," Section 1102A.16-P.

[For DSA/AC] **RECOMMENDED.** See "Recommend," Chapter 2, Section 202.

RISER is the vertical distance from the top of a tread to the top of the next higher tread.

1102A.19-S SLEEPING ACCOMMODATIONS are rooms in which people may sleep; for example, dormitory and hotel or motel guestrooms or suites.

SLOPE is, for the purpose of covered multifamily buildings, the relative steepness of the land between two points and is calculated as follows: The horizontal distance and elevation change between the two points (e.g., an entrance and a passenger loading zone). The difference in elevation is divided by the distance and the resulting fraction is multiplied by 100 to obtain the percentage of slope. For example: if a principal entrance is 10 feet (3048 mm) from a passenger loading zone, and the principal entrance is raised 1 foot (305 mm) higher than the passenger loading zone, then the slope is $\frac{1}{10} \times 100 = 10$ percent.

SPECIAL ACCESS LIFT is a hoisting and lowering mechanism equipped with a car or platform, or support which serves two landings of a building or structure and is designed to carry a passenger or passengers and (or) luggage or other material a vertical distance as may be allowed by Section 1110A.2.

STAIR RAILING is a vertical barrier constructed along the open side or sides of stairways and as intermediate stair rails where required on wide stairways.

1102A.20-T TOEBOARD is a vertical barrier erected along the open edges of floor openings or floor holes, platforms and runways.

TOWNHOUSE is a multistory dwelling unit.

TREAD is the horizontal member of a step.

TREAD DEPTH is the horizontal distance from front to back of tread, including nosing when used.

TREAD RUN is the horizontal distance from the leading edge of a tread to the leading edge of an adjacent tread.

1102A.21-U (No definitions)

1102A.22-V VEHICULAR OR PEDESTRIAN ARRIVAL POINTS are public or resident parking areas, public transportation stops, passenger loading zones, and public streets or sidewalks.

1102A.23-W WALK is a surfaced pedestrian way not located contiguous to a street used by the public. (See definition for "sidewalk.")

WHEELCHAIR is a chair mounted on wheels to be propelled by its occupant manually or with the aid of electric power, of a size and configuration conforming to the recognized standard models of the trade.

WHEELCHAIR OCCUPANT OR WHEELCHAIR USER is an individual who, due to a physical impairment or disability, utilizes a wheelchair for mobility.

1102A.24-X (No definitions)

1102A.25-Y (No definitions)

1102A.26-Z (No definitions)

SECTION 1103A [FOR HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] — BUILDING ACCESSIBILITY

1103A.1 [For HCD 1/AC] Where Required.

1103A.1.1 [For HCD 1/AC] General. Accessibility to buildings, or portions of buildings, and facilities shall be provided for all oc-

cupancy classifications identified in Section 101.17.9 or 101.17.11 except as modified by this chapter.

SECTION 1104A [FOR HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] — GROUP U OCCUPANCIES

1104A.1 [For HCD 1/AC] General. Group U, Division 1 private garages which are accessory to dwelling units required to be adaptable shall be accessible.

EXCEPTION: A private garage which serves a single covered multifamily dwelling unit is an accessible garage if a person with a disability can exit the dwelling unit's accessible entry door and enter the garage from the driveway.

SECTION 1105A [FOR HCD 1/AC] — GROUP R OCCUPANCIES

1105A.1 [For HCD 1/AC] General. In Group R Occupancies that are covered multifamily dwellings shall be accessible as provided in this chapter. Public-use and common-use areas serving adaptable dwelling units shall be accessible.

Multistory dwelling units shall comply with Section 1105A.2.

1105A.2 [For HCD 1/AC] Multistory Dwellings.

1105A.2.1 [For HCD 1/AC] Multistory dwellings in buildings with no elevator. This section shall apply to multistory dwelling units on the ground floor of buildings without elevators for which an application for a construction permit is submitted on or after July 1, 2005.

EXCEPTION: Carriage units as defined in Section 1102A.3-C and regulated by the Department of Housing and Community Development as referenced in Section 101.17.9.1.

A minimum of ten percent, but not less than one of the multistory dwelling units in apartment buildings with three or more dwelling units or condominiums with four or more dwelling units, located in buildings without an elevator, shall comply with the following:

1. The primary entry to the dwelling unit shall be on an accessible route unless exempted by site impracticality tests in Section 1119A.

2. At least one powder room or bathroom shall be located on the primary entry level served by an accessible route and shall comply with the provisions of Section 1109A.

3. All rooms or spaces located on the primary entry level shall be served by an accessible route and shall comply with the provisions of this chapter. Rooms and spaces located on the primary entry level and subject to this chapter may include but are not limited to kitchens, powder rooms, bathrooms, living rooms, bedrooms, or hallways.

4. Common use areas shall be accessible as required by this chapter. Public use areas as defined in Chapter 2, Chapter 11A, and Chapter 11B of this code are subject to provisions of the Division of the State Architect (DSA/AC) and are referenced in Section 101.17.11.

The minimum number of multifamily dwelling units which must comply with this section shall be calculated using the total number of all multistory dwelling units in buildings on a site which are subject to this section. Any fraction thereof shall be rounded to the next highest whole number.

1105A.2.2 [For HCD 1/AC] Multistory dwelling units in buildings with one or more elevators. Multistory dwelling units, i.e., townhouse and condominium-type construction, contained in buildings with elevators shall comply with this section. For multistory dwelling units in buildings with elevators, the story of the unit that is served by the building elevator is considered a ground floor and the primary entry floor to the unit.

All rooms and spaces located on the primary entry floor shall comply with the following:

1. At least one powder room or bathroom shall be located on the primary entry level.
2. All rooms or spaces located on the primary entry level shall be served by an accessible route and shall comply with the provisions in this chapter.

SECTION 1106A [FOR HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] — DOOR SIGNAL DEVICES

1106A.1 [For HCD 1/AC] General. Every primary entrance to a dwelling unit in buildings containing three or more dwelling units shall be provided with a door buzzer, bell, chime or equivalent installation, mounted a maximum of 48 inches (1219 mm) above the floor, connected to permanent wiring.

SECTION 1107A [FOR HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] — DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

1107A.1 General.

1107A.1.1 [For HCD 1/AC] When accessibility is required, it shall be designed and constructed as provided in Chapters 11A and 30 of this building code with California amendments.

1107A.1.2 [For DSA/AC] When accessibility is required, for publicly funded construction of housing, it shall be designed and constructed as provided in Chapters 11A, 11B and 30 of this building code with California amendments.

1107A.2 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] Accessible Route of Travel.

1107A.2.1 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] When a building, or portion of a building, is required to be accessible or adaptable, an accessible route of travel shall be provided to all portions of the building, to accessible building entrances and between the building and the public way. Except within an individual dwelling unit, an accessible route of travel shall not pass through kitchens, storage rooms, restrooms, closets or other spaces used for similar purposes. At least one accessible route within the boundary of the site shall be provided from public transportation stops, accessible parking and accessible passenger loading zones, and public streets or sidewalks to the accessible building entrance they serve. The accessible route shall, to the maximum extent feasible, coincide with the route for the general public. At least one accessible route shall connect accessible buildings, facilities, elements and spaces that are on the same site. At least one accessible route shall connect accessible building or facility entrances with all accessible spaces and elements and with all accessible dwelling units within the building or facility. An accessible route shall connect at least one accessible entrance of each accessible dwelling unit with those exterior and interior spaces and facilities that serve the accessible dwelling unit.

1107A.3 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] Multiple Accessible Routes. Where more than one route of travel is provided, all routes shall be accessible. [For DSA/AC] See Section 114B.1.2.

EXCEPTION: Where an elevator is provided for vertical access, only one elevator is required. Where more than one elevator is provided, all elevators shall be accessible.

1107A.4 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC w/o Except. 1] Pedestrian Way Width. All walks, sidewalks, halls, corridors, aisles and other spaces that are part of an accessible route shall provide a minimum clear width of 48 inches (1219 mm), except at doors.

EXCEPTIONS: 1. Covered multifamily dwelling units shall provide a minimum clear width of 36 inches (914 mm), except at doors.
2. For sidewalks or walks serving individual dwelling units in covered multifamily buildings, see Section 1120A.6.

1107A.5 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] Ground Floors Above Grade. When the first floor containing one or more covered dwelling units is a floor above grade, all units must be served by an accessible route.

EXCEPTION: Carriage units as defined in Section 1102A.3-C and regulated by the Department of Housing and Community Development as referenced in Section 101.17.9.1.

Multistory dwelling units shall comply with Section 1105A.2.

1107A.6 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] Participation Areas. Access shall be provided to elements listed in Section 1109B.4.3, Participation Areas.

1107A.7 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] Headroom Clearance. Walks, halls, corridors, passageways, aisles and other circulation spaces shall have 80 inches (2032 mm) minimum clear headroom. If vertical clearance of an area adjoining an accessible route is reduced to less than 80 inches (2032 mm) nominal dimension, a guardrail or other barrier having its leading edge at or below 27 inches (686 mm) above the finished floor shall be provided.

1107A.8 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] Changes Greater than One-half Inch. When an accessible route has changes in level greater than 1/2 inch (12.7 mm), then a curb ramp, ramp, elevator or special access lift shall be provided. Stairs shall not be part of an accessible route.

1107A.9 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] Emergency Egress. Accessible routes serving any accessible space or element shall also serve as a means of egress for emergencies or connect to an accessible place of refuge. Such accessible routes and places of refuge shall comply with the requirements established by the enforcement authority having jurisdiction.

1107A.10 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] Primary Entry Access. Covered multifamily buildings shall comply with Section 1119A.

1107A.11 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] Separate Ground-floor Unit Entrances. When a ground-floor unit of a building has a separate entrance, each such ground-floor unit shall be served by an accessible route, except for any unit where the terrain or unusual characteristics of the site prohibit the provision of an accessible route to the entrance of that unit.

1107A.12 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] Multiple Entrances. Only one entrance to covered multifamily buildings is required to be accessible to any one ground floor of a building, except in cases where an individual dwelling unit has a separate exterior entrance or where the building contains clusters of dwelling units with each cluster sharing a different exterior entrance. In these cases, more than one entrance may be required to be accessible, as determined by analysis of the site. In every case, the accessible entrance shall be on an accessible route to the covered dwelling units it serves.

1107A.13 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] Site Impracticality.

1107A.13.1 [For HCD 1/AC] General. Covered multifamily dwellings with elevators shall be designed and constructed to provide at least one accessible entrance on an accessible route, regardless of terrain or unusual characteristics of the site. Covered multifamily dwellings without elevators shall be designed and constructed to provide at least one accessible entrance on an accessible route unless terrain or unusual characteristics of the site prevent an accessible route based on the conditions listed below.

1107A.13.2 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] Accessible entrance. Regardless of site considerations described in Section 1119A, an

accessible entrance on an accessible route is practical when there is an elevator connecting the parking area with the dwelling units on a ground floor. (In this case, those dwelling units on the ground floor served by an elevator, and at least one of each type of public- and common-use areas, would be subject to these requirements.)

1107A.13.3 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] Elevator building. When a building elevator or elevators are provided as a means of access to dwelling units other than dwelling units on a ground floor, then the building is an elevator building. All dwelling units become covered multifamily dwelling units in that building. The elevator in that building must provide accessibility to all dwelling units in the building, regardless of the slope of the natural terrain.

1107A.13.4 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] Elevated walkway. When an elevated walkway is planned between a building entrance and a vehicular or pedestrian arrival point, and the planned walkway has a slope no greater than 10 percent (1 unit vertical in 10 units horizontal), the floor being served by the elevated walkway becomes a ground floor and accessibility to all covered multifamily dwellings on that ground floor is required.

1107A.13.5 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] Slope of finished grade. If the slope of the finished grade between covered multifamily dwellings and a public- or common-use facility (including parking) exceeds 1 unit vertical in 12 units horizontal (8.33% slope), or where other physical barriers (natural or artificial) or legal restrictions, all of which are outside the control of the

owner, prevent the installation of an accessible route of travel, an acceptable alternative is to provide access via a vehicular route, provided necessary site provisions such as parking spaces and curb ramps are provided at the public- or common-use facility.

1107A.14 [For HCD 1/AC & DSA/AC] Signs. See Section 1117A.3.

1107A.15 Adaptable Dwelling Units.

1107A.15.1 [For HCD 1/AC] Dwelling units shall be considered adaptable when they comply with the appropriate provisions of adaptability contained in Chapter 10 and this chapter.

1107A.15.2 [For DSA/AC] Publicly funded dwelling units shall be considered adaptable when they comply with the appropriate provisions of adaptability contained in Chapters 10, 11B and this chapter.

SECTION 1108A [FOR SFM & DSA/AC] — EGRESS AND AREAS OF REFUGE

1108A.1 [For SFM & DSA/AC] Means of Egress.

1108A.1.1 [For SFM & DSA/AC] General. All required accessible spaces shall be provided with not less than one accessible means of egress. When more than one exit is required from any accessible space, each accessible portion of the space shall be

(Text continues on page 1-134.5.)

Section 470A.2.3 – In item 7, revise “water closet” to “toilet”.

Section 470A.2.6 – In item 4, revise “water closet” to “toilet”.

Section 470A.2.7 – In item 4, revise “water closet” to “toilet”.

Section 470A.2.8 – In item 3, revise “water closets” to “toilets”.

Section 470A.2.9 – In item 1, after the word “inmate” add “;” and delete the words “exclusive of circulation corridors of 3 feet (914 mm) in width in front of cells/rooms;”; and in item 3 revise “water closets” to “toilets”.

Section 470A.2.10 – Insert a new paragraph 3 to read “The exercise area must contain or provide free access to a toilet, wash basin, and drinking fountain as provided in Section 470A.3.”

Section 470A.2.12 – revise the first sentence to read “There must be a minimum of one suitably equipped medical examination room in every facility which provides on-site health care.”; add items “4. Provide lockable storage for medical supplies.” and “5. Any room where medical procedures are provided must be equipped with hot and cold running water.”

Section 470A.2.15 – Delete heading and the entire section.

Section 470A.2.22 – Delete the last sentence.

Section 470A.2.25 – Revise to read “There must be a minimum of one suitably furnished interview room for confidential interviews in every facility which provides on-site health care. The interview room shall be designed in consultation with responsible custody staff and health care staff. Such an interview room shall:”

Section A3.1 – Revise the title to read “**Toilets/urinals.**”; delete the section language and its exception inserting 6 new items and a Note.

Section 470A.3.2 – Revise the first “**Wash Basins.**” To a bold title; omit the balance of the language and exception; insert 7 new items.

Section 470A.3.3 – Revise the first sentence to read “... single-occupancy cell, double occupancy cell, dormitory, temporary holding cell, temporary staging cell, and sobering cell and be accessible to the occupants of dayrooms and exercise areas.”; revise item 1 to replace both locations of “water outlet” with “drinking fountain bubbler”; delete item 2; renumber item 3 as item 2.

Section 470A.3.4 – add “NOTE: Shower areas shall provide modesty for inmates with staff being able to visually supervise.”.

Section 470A.3.5 – In all locations revise “beds/bunks” to “beds”.

Section 470A.3.9 – in the title delete “/shelves/clothes hooks”; and delete all but the first sentence.

Section 470A.3.10 – Replace the first sentence with “In temporary holding and temporary staging cells, seating must be securely fixed to the floor and/or wall.”

9. January 2, 2003 Supplement approved by the California Building Standards Commission on January 31, 2001, Filed with the Secretary of State on February 2, 2001, published January 1, 2003, and effective 180 days after publication – July 1, 2003:

Section 460A.1.7 – In item 3, revise “... a maximum of 144 ...” to read “... a minimum of 144 ...”.

Section 460A.1.8 – In item 3, revise “... a maximum of 144 ...” to read “... a minimum of 144 ...”.

Section 460A.1.11 – Replace item 1. language.

Section 460A.1.11 – In item 1.1, revise “... one half ...” to read “... one quarter ...”.

Section 460A.1.11 – Revise item 1.2 to read “The required recreation area shall contain no single dimension less than 40 feet.”

Section 460A.1.12 – Revise to read “**Academic Classrooms.** There shall be dedicated academic classroom space for every juvenile in every facility. The primary purpose for the academic classroom shall be for education. Each academic classroom shall contain ...”; and, add the NOTE words as the last sentence of this section.

Section 460A.1.14 – delete the “and,” for the end of item 4; and, delete the “.” and add “; and,” to the end of item 5; and, insert a new item “6. Smooth, non porous, washable surfaces.”

Section 460A.2.1 – Revise the NOTE of item 3 to read “... provide modesty for ...”.

Section 460A.2.3 – insert new items 1. and 2.

Section 460A.2.5 – Delete the last “.” And add new language “... measured from any side of the bed. Beds placed”.

Section 470A.1 – Under **Living Areas**, revise “... as detoxification safety ...” to read “... as sobering safety ...”.

Section 470A.2.1 – In item 3., revise “A detoxification cell ...” to read “A sobering cell ...”; and, at the end, add “For those facilities that accept male and female intoxicated inmates, two sobering cells shall be provided.”

Section 470A.2.1 – Revise item 4. to read “Access to a shower within the secure portion of the facility.”

Section 470A.2.1 – Add a new item “8. Unobstructed access to hot and cold running water for staff use.”

Section 470A.2.4 – Revise it to read “**Sobering cell.** A sobering cell shall.”; and, add a new item “8. Have accessible a shower in the secure portion of the facility.”

Section 470A.2.5 – In item 1 revise the second line to read “... with no one floor dimension being less than 6 feet ...”; and, add a new item “8. any wall or ceiling mounted devices must be inaccessible to the inmate occupant.”

Section 470A.2.8 – In item 1 revise the second line to read “... single-bed unit; a minimum of 70 square ...”; and, revise the third line to read “... double-bed unit; and a minimum of 90 square feet for a triple-bed unit and have a minimum ...”.

Section 470A.2.9 – At the end of item 2. delete the “.” And add the words “allowed access at a given time;”

Section 470A.2.14 – Add a new second paragraph to read “If negative pressure isolation rooms are being planned, they shall be designed to recognized industry standards.”

Section 470A.2.16 – Revise the language in the third to the end of the section to read “... to purchase items. When commissary supplies are kept within the security perimeter for a facility, an area shall be provided for the secure storage of the stock for such inmate canteen items.”

Section 470A.2.20 – Revise the second line to read “... janitor’s closet, with sufficient area ...”; and, revise the third line to read “... cleaning implements and supplies, must be ...”; and revise the fourth line to read “... of the facility. A mop sink shall also be available within the security area of the facility. In court holding, ...”

Section 470A.3.5 – Revise the first line to read “... must be elevated off the floor, have a solid bottom, and a sleeping surface of at least ...”; and in the second and third lines, end the sentence at “long.” delete the words “and be of the pan-bottom type or constructed of concrete.”

Section 470A.3.8 – Revise “In detoxification cells ...” to read “In sobering cells ...”.

10. (OSHPD EF 01/02) Amend Chapters 4 and 10 of Part 2, Title 24. Approved as emergency by the California Building Stan-

dards Commission on January 15, 2003 and filed with the Secretary of State on January 16, 2003. Effective January 16, 2003.

11. Errata February 1, 2003:

Page 1-30: In Division 6 Occupancies, add reference to Appendix Chapter 3A.

Page 1-116, In Section 1004.3.4.3, insert [For SFM] and revise “. . . or more in Group E shall . . .” to “or more; and Group E shall . . .”

Page 1-134.82: In Figure 11B-18A, revise both parking stall widths to 9'-0" and the crosshatched divider to 5'-0".

Page 1-134.83: In both Figures 11B-18B and 11B-18C, revise parking stall width to 9'-0".

12. (SFM 3/02) Swing of Patient Room Doors. Amend Section 1007.511. Approved by the Building Standards Commission on May 14, 2003 and effective 180 days after publication.

13. (BOC 01/02) Design Criteria for Furnishings and Equipment. Adopt Section 460A.2.10 Design Criteria for Required Spaces. Amend Sections 460A.1.2; 460A.1.5-460A.1.9; 460A.1.13. Approved by the Building Standards Commission on July 16, 2003 and effective 180 days after publication.

14. (SFM EF 06/03) Senate Bill 1896 Bedridden Clients in Residential Care Facilities—Repealed emergency expired January 8, 2004.

15. (SFM EF 01/04) Senate Bill 1896 Bedridden Clients in Residential Care Facilities. Amend various sections of the California Building and Fire Codes. Approved on an emergency basis by the California Building Standards Commission on November 18, 2004, effective November 22, 2004.

16. Errata April 8, 2005 to November 22, 2004 Emergency Supplement:

Page 1-50.12A: Delete Table 8-B erroneously located in Chapter 4A.

Page 1-92: Insert requirements for R2 Occupancies into Table 8-B, renumber Footnote 7 to 8, and insert new Footnote 7.

17. (SFM EF 01/04) Senate Bill 1896 Bedridden Clients in Residential Care Facilities. Amend Sections 107.17.14; 203-B; 310.1; add new Section 415A; amend Table 8-A; Sections 904.2.10 and 1003.3.1.8.1. Approved as permanent by the Building Standards Commission on March 16, 2005.

18. (CSLCEF 2/05) Amend Title 24, Part 2 with the addition of Chapter 31F. Various sections. Approved by the California Build-

ing Standards Commission on January 19, 2005 and filed with the Secretary of State on January 31, 2005. Effective 180 days after publication.

19. (HCD EF 01/05) Senate Bill 1025 Disabled Access to Multistory Dwelling Units in Covered Multifamily Dwellings. Amend Sections 1102A.3-C, 1105A and 1107A.5. Approved on an emergency basis by the California Building Standards Commission on May 18, 2005, effective July 1, 2005.

20. Editorial change, without regulatory effect, to Sections 1105A.2.1 and 1107A.5: Revise EXCEPTION to delete the period (.) and add the words “and regulated by the Department of Housing and Community Development as referenced in Section 101.17.9.1.”

21. (SFM EF 01/05) Assembly Bill 1216 Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Protection Areas. Add matrix table for Chapter 7A, amend matrix table for Chapter 15, amend Section 101.17.14, add note to Chapter 7, add new Chapter 7A, and insert Article 1503.4 [for SFM]. Approved on an emergency basis by the California Building Standards Commission on May 18, 2005, effective December 1, 2005.

22. (BOC 01/04) Part 2, Chapter 4A, Division VIII, Sections 470A.1; 470A.2.8; 470A.2.22. Amend Chapter 4A to add definition modifications to:

“BOARD OF CORRECTIONS” by adding the word “board” between “which” and “acts.”

“RATED CAPACITY” change “medical” to “health care.”

Section 470A.2.8 remove the phrase “inmate for a” and replace the words “for a” with the word “per.”

Section 470A.2.22 remove the words “and” between Type I and Type II and remove the word “facilities” after Type II, also remove the phrase “housing inmate classified higher than minimum security” and delete the word “must” and replace with new word “shall.”

Approved by the Building Standards Commission on July 19, 2005. Filed with the Secretary of State on July 20, 2005. Published on November 23, 2005, effective 180 days after publication.

23. (HCD EF 01/05) Senate Bill 1025 Disabled Access to Multistory Dwelling Units in Covered Multifamily Dwellings. Amend Sections 1102A.3-C, 1105A, and 1107A.5. Reapproved on an emergency basis by the California Building Standards Commission on September 21, 2005, effective October 29, 2005.