

Camille Crain, BRIC Section Chief - Hazard Mitigation Assistance Division



#### Hazard Mitigation Assistance (HMA) Program Overview

#### **Disaster Cycle Grant Programs**



#### Public Assistance (PA) 406 Mitigation

Supports communities' recovery from major disasters by providing mitigation funding opportunities to restore and strengthen public infrastructure. HMA works to enhance coordination with PA



#### **Annual Cycle Grant Programs**

Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA)

Reduces or eliminates the risk of repetitive flood damage to buildings and structures insured under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)



#### **Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)**

Implements long-term hazard mitigation measures after a major disaster declaration



#### **Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC)**

Supports the undertaking of new and innovative projects that reduce the risks faced from disasters and natural hazards



#### **HMGP Post-Fire**

Helps communities implement hazard mitigation measures after wildfire disasters



#### **Pre-Disaster Mitigation (PDM)**

Supports mitigation projects before a disaster strikes to build stronger, more resilient communities.



#### **Increasing Climate Adaptation and Mitigation Investments**

#### **Stakeholder Projections of Need**

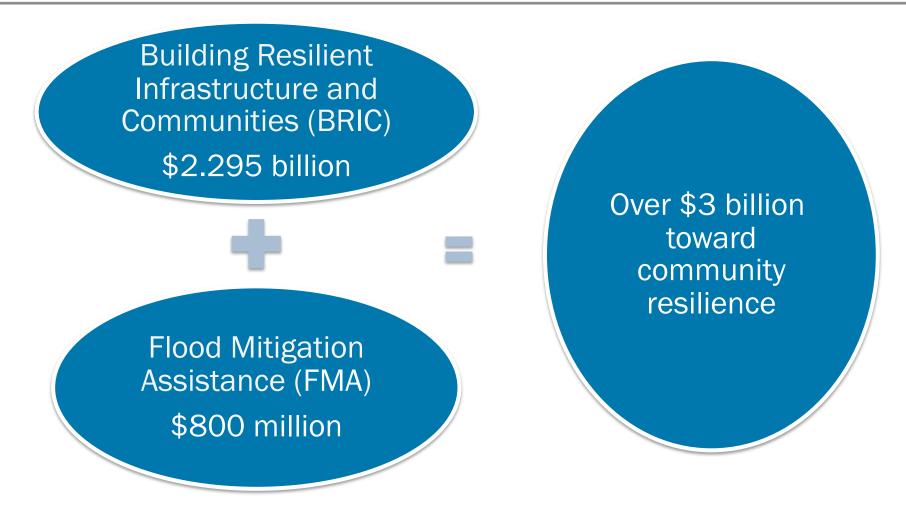
- National Institute of Building Sciences projects \$500B investment gap
- National Emergency Management
   Association also projects that in the next
   years, \$75B is needed, \$109B over 10
   years
- Center for Climate Integrity and Resilient Analytics estimates that \$400B is needed for Coastal Protection in 22 states

### The Biden Harris Administration is Responding More than quadrupled the Building Resilient Infrastructure

- More than quadrupled the Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) program in the last 3 years
- Made \$3.46 Billion available through the *Hazard Mitigation Grant Program* within COVID-19 disaster declarations
- The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act adds an additional \$5 Billion over 5 years:
  - + \$3.5B for Flood Mitigation Assistance
  - $_{ extstyle }$  + \$1B for BRIC
  - \$500M for the new Safeguarding Tomorrow through
     Ongoing Risk Mitigation (STORM) Revolving Loan Fund –
     now under development
- \$154M in Congressionally Directed Spending for Pre-Disaster Mitigation for FY 2022
- Collaborating with partners to address future risks



#### **Annual Hazard Mitigation Grants**





#### **Applicant and Subapplicant Eligibility**





# Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) Founding Guiding Principles



Support Community
Capability & Capacity Building



Encourage and Enable Innovation



**Promote Partnerships** 



Enable Large Infrastructure Projects



**Maintain Flexibility** 



**Provide Consistency** 





## FY 2022 Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) Priorities

- Incentivize natural hazard risk reduction activities that mitigate risk to public infrastructure and disadvantaged communities as referenced in EO 14008 -Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad
- Incorporate nature-based solutions, includes those designed to reduce carbon emissions
- Enhance climate resilience and adaptation
- Increase funding for the adoption and enforcement of the latest published editions of building codes
- BRIC encourages mitigation projects that meet multiple program priorities.

### FY 2022 Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) – Available Funding

#### \$2.295 billion is available for the BRIC program in FY 2022

- State/Territory Allocation: \$112 million (up to \$2 million per applicant)
  - All 50 states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. territories may apply under the State/Territory Allocation.
  - Up to \$1 million may be used for hazard mitigation planning and planning-related activities per applicant.
- Tribal Set-Aside: \$50 million
  - All federally recognized tribal governments may apply under the Tribal Set-Aside.
  - The Tribal Set-Aside can be used for Capability and Capacity Building (C&CB) activities and hazard mitigation projects.
  - The combined cost of the applicant's C&CB activities under the Tribal Set-Aside must not exceed \$2 million per applicant.
  - Up to \$1 million may be used for hazard mitigation planning and planning-related activities per applicant.
- National Competition for Hazard Mitigation Projects: \$2.133 billion (estimated) (\$50 million per subapplication)
  - Any funds that are not awarded from the State/Territory Allocation will be re-allocated to the national competition.
  - Any funds that are not awarded from the Tribal Set-Aside may be re-allocated to the national competition.
  - An applicant can submit an unlimited number of subapplications to the national competition.



### FY 2022 Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) – Uses of Assistance

#### **Total Available BRIC FUNDING** \$2.295 Billion \$112M \$2.133B \$50M State/Territory **National Competition for Uses of Assistance Tribal Set-Aside Allocations Mitigation Projects Management Costs Capability and Capacity Building Activities Hazard Mitigation Projects**



#### **Cost Share Requirements**

#### **Cost Share:**

- Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC):
  - Generally, the cost share for the program is 75% federal funding and 25% non-federal funding
  - □ FEMA will pay up to 90% for Economically Disadvantaged Rural Communities
  - □ FEMA will pay up to 100% of management costs



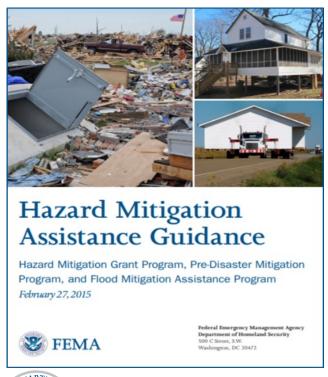
### Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) Capability and Capacity Building Activities





#### Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) Eligible Activities

### Existing Activities Are Still Eligible



### Expanded Eligibility Includes:

- Project scoping
- Building code activities
- Pre-award costs
- Additional activities for wildfire and wind implementation (DRRA Section 1205)
- Earthquake early warning (DRRA Section 1233)

#### **Projects Must:**

- Be cost-effective.
- Reduce or eliminate risk and damage from future natural hazards.
- Meet the latest two consensus codes (i.e., 2018 or 2021 international building code)
- Align with the hazard mitigation plan.
- Meet all environmental and historic preservation requirements.



#### Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) - Technical Criteria



Infrastructure project



Incorporation of nature-based solutions



Applicant has mandatory tribal-, territory-, or state-wide building code adoption requirement

(recent versions of International Building Code and International Residential Code)



Subapplicant has Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule Rating of 1 to 5



Application generated from a previous qualifying award or the subapplicant is a past recipient of BRIC non-financial Direct Technical Assistance

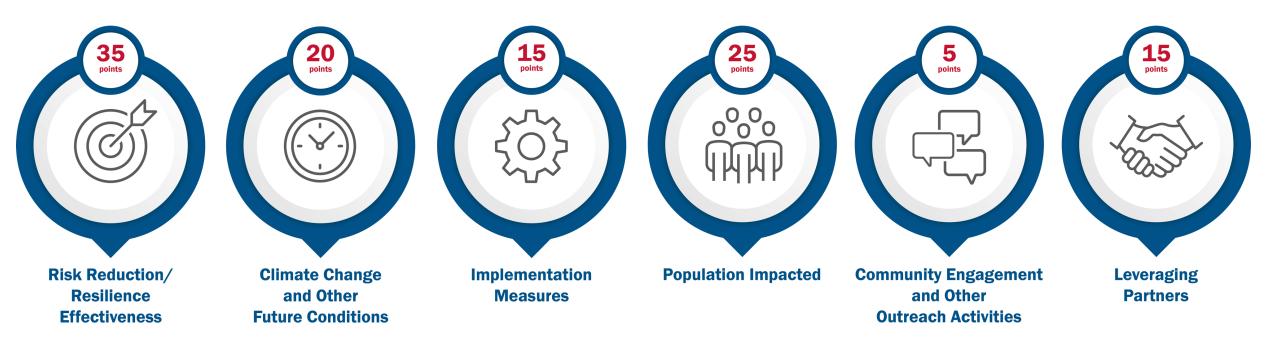


A non-federal cost share of at least 30% (or, for Economically Disadvantaged Rural Communities, a non-federal cost share of at least 12%)



Designation as
Underserved and/or
Disadvantaged, including
EDRC and federally
recognized tribal
governments

### **Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) – Qualitative Criteria**





#### FEMA's Building Codes Strategy, Federal Alignment, and NIABC

- FEMA Building Codes Strategy
  - Promotes integration of building codes and standards across FEMA
  - Strengthens nationwide capability
  - Drives public action
- National Initiative to Advance Building Codes (NIABC)
  - Coordinated via the Mitigation Framework Leadership Group (MitFLG)
  - Identify and incentivize opportunities to enhance outreach, technical assistance, and capacity building for state, local, tribal, territorial governments



### FY 2021 Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) Example Building Code Subapplications

Sub-Applicant	State	Project Description
Georgia Emergency Management and Homeland Security Agency	Georgia	Update Henry County's code reference library, provide digital access to such codes, and enhance the inspection procedures and enforcement
Minnesota Department of Public Safety	Minnesota	Provide the ability to inspect virtually for building codes and standards in order to accommodate and create equity for staff, residents, contractors and whole community
Illinois Emergency Management Agency	Illinois	The Village of Inverness to update its existing building codes and flood and stormwater management regulations for new construction
Pueblo of Laguna	New Mexico	The Planning Program, in coordination with the Government Affairs Department and Emergency Preparedness and Safety Compliance Program, are proposing to develop a residential building code
Pala Band of Mission Indians	California	The resilient construction codes, when adopted, will regulate new construction and certain instances of repair or modification to existing construction (specific instances which qualify as substantial improvement or repair, or substantial damage estimates)



#### **Example Building Code Adoption and Enforcement Activities**



Evaluate adoption and/or implementation of codes that reduce risk



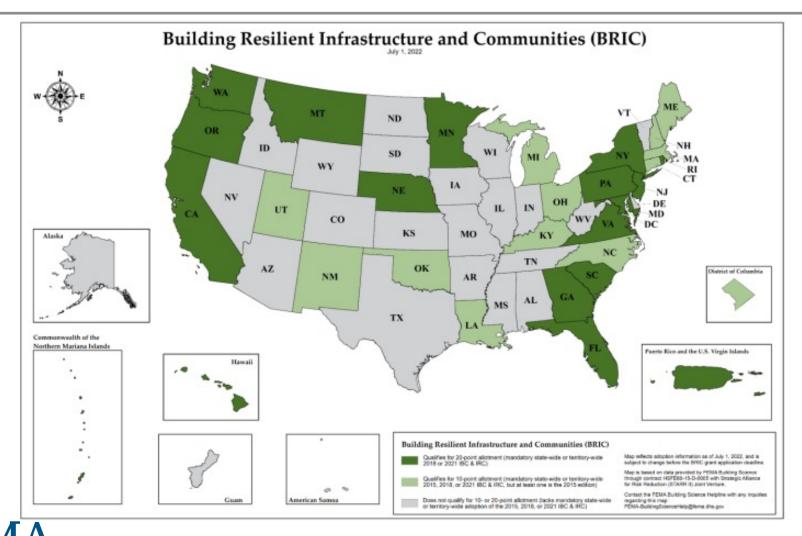
Enhance existing adopted codes to incorporate more current requirements or higher standards



Develop professional workforce capabilities through technical assistance and training



#### **Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) and Building Codes**



### **Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) Program Support Materials**

- BRIC Website
- FY 2022 BRIC Notice of Funding Opportunity
- BRIC Resources
  - BRIC Technical Criteria
  - BRIC Qualitative Criteria
  - BRIC Building Codes Activities
  - BRIC Mitigation Planning Activities
  - BRIC Partnership Activities
  - BRIC Project Scoping Activities
  - BRIC Direct Technical Assistance
  - BRIC Tribal Information
  - Mitigation Action Portfolio
  - BRIC & FMA Phased Projects



#### **Additional Resources**

- <u>Unified Hazard Mitigation Assistance Guidance &</u>
   Addendum
- Property Elevation and Acquisition Job Aids:
  - Elevation Job Aid
  - Acquisition & Demolition Job Aid
  - Acquisition & Relocation
- HMA Cost Share Guide
- Benefit-Cost Analysis Toolkit
- Building Community Resilience with Nature Based
   Solutions: A Guide for Local Communities

#### FEMA GO Helpline:

femago@fema.dhs.gov

1-877-585-3242

#### BCA Helpline:

BCHelpline@fema.dhs.gov

1-855-540-6744

#### Feasibility and Effectiveness Helpline:

FEMA-BuildingScienceHelp@fema.dhs.gov

#### **Environmental and Historic Preservation:**

FEMA-EHPHELPLINE@fema.dhs.gov

1-866-222-3580

#### **HMA Helpline:**

1-866-222-3580



#### **Upcoming HMA Summer Engagement Webinars**

Date and Time	Webinar Topic
<b>September 15:</b> 2-3:30 pm ET	BRIC FY 2022 NOFO Tribal Webinar
<b>September 22:</b> 2-3:30 pm EDT	BRIC FY 2022 NOFO Technical and Quantitative Criteria
<b>September 29:</b> 2-3:30 pm EDT	Environmental Planning and Historic Preservation Review 101
October 4: 2-3:30 pm EDT	Using Grant Funding to Build Resilience: The How, When, and Where of Applying for HMGP

To register for the HMA Summer Engagement Webinars, please visit: <a href="https://www.fema.gov/grants/mitigation/applying/webinars">https://www.fema.gov/grants/mitigation/applying/webinars</a>



### Q&A

