

IAS Special Inspections

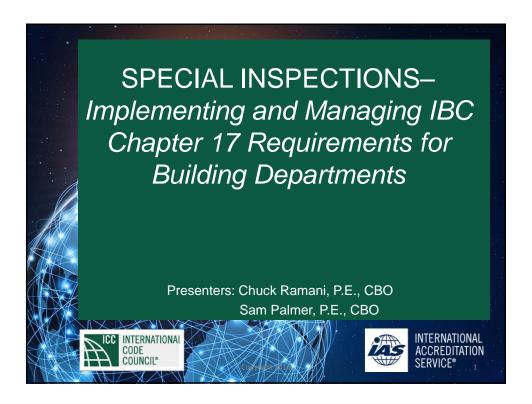
Presenters:

Chuck Ramani, P.E., CBO & Sam Palmer, P.E., CBO

Tuesday, September 12, 2017

9:45 AM - 11:15 AM







Presenters

Presenters:

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Agenda

- PART 1 About IAS
- PART 2 Overview of Special Inspection
- PART 3 Special Inspection Agency Accreditation
- PART 4 Resources

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PART 1 – About IAS

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Who we are

- Subsidiary of the International Code Council
- Nonprofit, internationally recognized accreditation body
- Created to assist local government in ensuring public safety
- Prior to ICC, part of ICBO since 1975

(Most members of the IAS Board and the Accreditation Committee are local government code officials)

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Formal Recognition of IAS

- Governments from over 50 countries that make up the Asia Pacific Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (APLAC) and the International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC)
- Numerous city, county and state building departments recognize accreditations granted by IAS

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Formal Recognition of IAS

A SHORT LISTING OF FORMAL RECOGNITIONS:

- California Department of Transportation
- Chickasaw Nation
- U.S. Coast Guard
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
- U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)
- U.S. Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)
- United States Marines
- United States Navy
- Metal Building Manufacturers Association (MBMA)
- U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
- International Code Council (ICC)
- ICC Evaluation Service (ICC-ES)
- Fire Stop Manufacturers Association (FSMA)

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What is Accreditation?

- Formal third-party recognition that a body or agency fulfills specified requirements and is competent to carry out specific conformity assessment tasks.
- Accreditation has been used for over 50 years as the definitive means of evaluating organizations, and is now utilized by all the world's major economies and many developing economies.
- It is becoming an important tool for <u>Building and Fire</u> <u>Prevention Departments.</u>
- All accreditation programs include on-site technical and management system verification.

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Building Department Focus

IAS provides several accreditation programs to assist state and local government carry out their duties and obligations to ensure public safety and property protection.

- Fabricators
- Testing Laboratories
- Product Certification Agencies
- Special Inspection Agencies
- Metal Building Manufacturers
- Field Evaluation Bodies
- Building Departments
- Fire Prevention Departments
- Building Department Service Providers

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What are Accreditation Criteria?

- A required accreditation criteria exists for every IAS accreditation program.
- All IAS accreditation criteria are on the IAS website.
 Examples:
 - AC291 Special Inspection Agencies
 - AC354 Field Evaluation of Unlisted Electrical Equipment
 - AC370 Product Certification Agencies
 - AC402 Third-party Permitting, Plan Review and Inspection Providers
 - AC251 Building Departments/Code Enforcement
 - AC426 Fire Prevention and Life Safety Departments
 - AC474 Personnel Certification Bodies

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- IAS criteria are developed with <u>input</u> from parties such as special inspection agencies, code officials, affected industries and the public.
- Open, public hearing process
- *Anyone* can participate
- Held annually (minimum)



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PART 2 – Overview of Special Inspections

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What is Special Inspection?

- The monitoring of materials, installation, fabrication, erection and placement of components and connections that require special expertise that are critical to the integrity of the building structure.
- Special inspections are *in addition* to the typical municipal inspections required by the building department specified in *International Building Code*[®] (IBC[®]) Section 110 or specific structural observations as may by required in IBC Section 1704.6.
- Code officials may require other inspections per IBC Section 110.3.8. Code officials may require "other" inspectors to qualify similarly to special inspectors per IBC Section 104.4.

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Special Inspections

Why do we need it?

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<u>Hartford Civic Center Coliseum – Hartford, CN - 1978</u>



- 4:19am collapse
- No injuries or fatalities
- Interior members were insufficiently braced, exterior members were only braced at 30' rather than at 15' as specified in design. No midpoint braces were provided on the top layer members.
- Inadequate inspection and quality control.
- Welding of filler plates on trusses reduced the connection capacity.
- Diagonal members were misplaced and the wrong steel strength was used.

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Why do we need Special Inspections?

- Special inspectors monitor the materials and workmanship critical to the structural and fire-resistive integrity of a building.
- Required to ensure compliance with the approved construction documents (plans) and standards referenced in the applicable codes.



 Special inspectors bring technical expertise to the job that isn't typically available in local government.

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Special Inspections are Mandatory

- The IBC clearly specifies situations in which the *employment* of special inspectors or special inspection agencies is *mandatory*.
- The use of special inspectors and special inspection agencies is not discretionary.
- The use of special inspectors and special inspection agencies is ministerial.

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Special Inspections are Mandatory

- Official immunity does not necessarily apply to the performance of ministerial duties.
- Duties are considered ministerial if they are prescribed and defined by statute, rule, or regulation with such certainty that there is nothing left to the public official's or employee's decision or judgment and he or she has no choice in the performance of such duties.
- A public official may be personally liable for damages that result from the failure to perform ministerial duties.

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Benefits of Special Inspections

FOR THE CONTRACTOR:

- Special inspections can be available during times when the building department is not available, ensuring construction stays on schedule.
- Special inspections allow for prompt replies to questions from contractors.
- Expedites corrective measures to address errors.
- Facilitates team <u>communication</u> between designers, contractors, and the building department, minimizing misinterpretation of the intended structural design, building code or ordinance.
- Documents compliance Provides a shield against liability.

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Special Inspection Failures

<u>David L. Lawrence Convention</u> <u>Center – Pittsburgh PA - 2002</u>



Pittsburgh Tribune - Review

- 1 Dead 2 Injured
- Truss collapse wrong nuts used at the connection, ½ sized and not high strength
- Special inspector was a materials tester He said no one had told him which nut was correct for the trusses and he "probably wouldn't have noticed anyway"

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Tropicana Casino Parking Garage Atlantic City, NJ - 2003

- 4 Dead 20 Injured
- Reinforcing steel was not properly installed to allow floors to be secured to columns and sheer wall
- Concrete not tested for strength
- Inspectors did not verify reinforcing steel was installed properly

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Benefits of Special Inspections

FOR THE DESIGNER:

- Intended design is what is constructed
- Additional knowledgeable review of installations
- Documents compliance
- Provides a **shield** against liability

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<u>Hyatt Regency Hotel,</u> <u>Kansas City, MO - 1981</u>



Dr. Lee Lowery, Jr., P.E

- 114 Dead 200+ Injured
- During the construction phase, the design of the hanger rod connections was changed from a one-rod to a two-rod system
- The engineers stated that they requested on-site representation on numerous occasions, but were turned down due to additional costs for on-site inspection
- Poor workmanship, improper welding and connections, inadequate building materials, *failure* on the part of the hotel *to hire special inspectors*, as well as failure of the jurisdiction by allowing the building to be occupied despite its hazards, were also factors in the collapse



Benefits of Special Inspections

FOR THE OWNER:

- Assurance that they are getting what they paid for
- Documents compliance
- Provides a shield against liability

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Blacksburg HS Gym Montgomery Co, VA - 2010

Built in 1974



- Investigation revealed *lower-than-specified yield strength* in the steel and *inferior welding* were contributing factors to the roof collapse
- Testing found weak welds at the truss seat which did not meet the AWS standards for structural welds
- 17 hours before, the gym had been fully occupied for a basketball game

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Special Inspection Failures

Shelbyville Central HS Shelbyville, TN - 2014



- Three seriously injured from collapse of one wall of an unfinished football Fieldhouse at Shelbyville Central High School
- Construction experts who examined the remains of the structure said the walls were poorly constructed, noting a lack of rebar in the blocks.
 Earlier, the building's foundation failed at least one state inspection, records show.

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complete major rehabilitation of structure was required

Interior and exterior shear walls were added







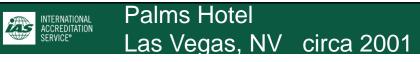




- Construction & inspection personnel injured
- 1- Death
- Shoring failure during concrete placement
- Horse Arena
- Basement Level

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- What happens after special inspections are complete?
- Mechanical Floor



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- Gravity load failure during placement of precast panels
- Lack of compression flange bracing
- Specified beam slightly smaller than calculated

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Benefits of Special Inspections

FOR THE JURISDICTION:

- **Saves jurisdiction money**, not having to conduct the inspections.
- Allows jurisdiction to have access to highly specialized staff.
- Allows critical work to be continuously inspected.
- Documents compliance provides a shield against liability.

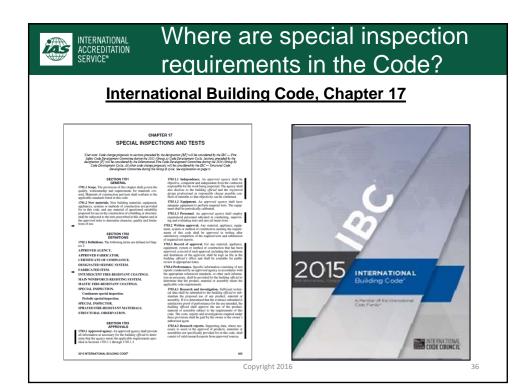
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Who is Responsible for Special Inspection?

- Owner or registered design professional acting as the owner's agent - Hires special inspectors or agencies.
- Permit applicant Submits statement of special inspections prepared by registered design professional in charge.
- Building Official Approves special inspectors or agencies.
- Special inspection agencies or special inspectors
 Conduct and document special inspections.

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Approved Agency

Section 1702 - "Approved Agency" is defined as:

"An established and recognized agency that is regularly engaged in conducting tests or furnishing inspection services, where such agency has been <u>approved</u> by the building official."

Section 202 – "Approved" is defined as:

"Acceptable to the building official."

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Approved Agency

1703.1 - Approved agency to provide evidence of:

- <u>Independence</u> no conflicts of interest (Critical).
- <u>Equipment</u> adequate to perform required tests.
- <u>Personnel</u> competent in conducting, supervising and evaluating tests and/or inspections in the appropriate discipline.

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Special Inspector Qualifications

1704.2.1 "Special inspector qualifications:

The special inspector shall provide written documentation to the building official demonstrating his or her <u>competence</u> and <u>relevant experience</u> or <u>training</u>. Experience or training shall be considered relevant when the documented experience or training is related in <u>complexity</u> to the same type of special inspection activities for projects of similar complexity and material qualities. These qualifications are in addition to those specified in other sections of this code.".

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Approved Agency

1704.2.1 "The <u>registered design professional in</u> <u>responsible charge and engineers of record</u> involved in the design of the project are permitted to act as the <u>approved agency</u> and their personnel are permitted to act as the <u>special inspector</u> for the work designed by them, <u>provided they qualify as special inspectors</u>."

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Focus of Special Inspections

The IBC includes 16 major categories of special inspection that are critical to life-safety and structural-safety roles:

- Inspection of fabricators
- Concrete construction
- Masonry construction
- Steel construction
- Wood construction
- Soils
- Pile foundations
- Smoke control
- Wind requirements

- Pier foundations
- Vertical masonry elements
- Sprayed fire-resistant materials
- Mastic and intumescent fire-resistant coatings
- Exterior insulation and finish systems
- Special cases
- Seismic requirements

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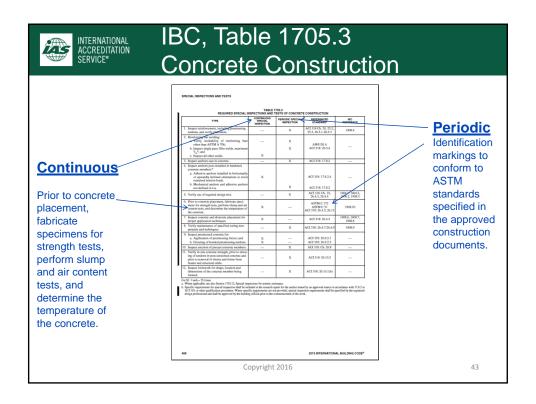
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Two Types of Special Inspections

- Continuous special inspections involve <u>full-time</u> observation of work by an approved special inspection agency or special inspector while work is being performed.
- Periodic special inspections involve <u>part-time or</u> <u>intermittent</u> observation of work by an approved special inspection agency or special inspector while work is performed or completed.
- Identified in IBC, Chapter 17, Tables 1705.2.3, 1705.3, 1705.6, 1705.7, 1705.8.

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$G = General \quad J = Job$

- Establish qualifications for special inspectors and special inspection agencies. G
- 2. Communicate Chapter 17 requirements and building department expectations. **G**
- Require submittal of statement of special inspections. J
- Evaluate and approve special inspection agencies and special inspectors. J
- Develop and implement report procedures to monitor special inspections. G & J
- 6. Practice site verification. J
- 7. Review, accept, and retain final report of special inspections. G & J

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- 1. <u>Establish minimum qualifications for special inspectors and special inspection agencies.</u>
- Must have a criteria or standard for evaluating agencies and inspectors.
- Building code, standards, IAS Accreditation Criteria AC291.
- Criteria sets a level playing field for all evaluations.
- Covers individual qualifications, procedures and policies for performing and reporting special inspections, equipment used in inspections, storage of records, etc.

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Seven Steps of a Special Inspection Program Step 2

- 2. Communicate Chapter 17 requirements and building department expectations.
- Owner or registered design professional/agent to submit SIA for approval.
- Owner or registered design professional/agent to hire SIA.
- RDP prepares statement of special inspections (qualified person exception).
- Permit applicant to submit statement of special inspections.
- SIA reporting, including the final report.

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- 3. Require submittal of statement of special inspections (Section 1704). This statement shall identify:
- Materials, systems, components, and work required to undergo special inspection by the building official, or by the RDP for each portion of the work.
- Type and extent of each special inspection.
- Type and extent of each test.
- Additional requirements for special inspection for seismic or wind resistance.
- For each type of special inspection, whether it will be continuous or periodic.

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Seven Steps of a Special Inspection Program Step 3

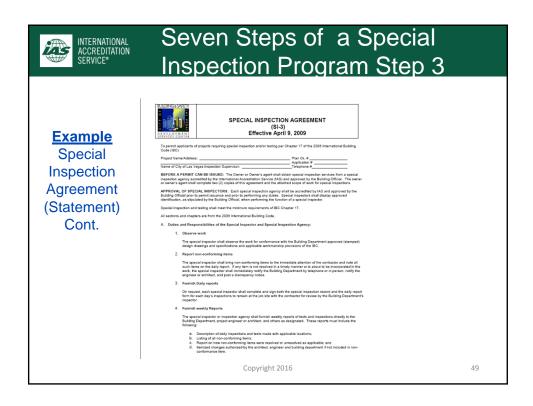
Samples of statement of special inspections:

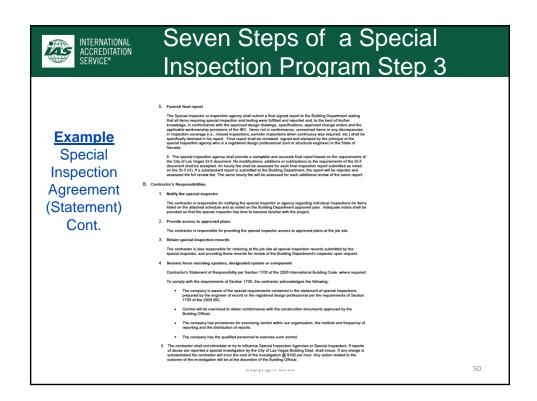
www.acec.org/case/news/publications/statement of si.doc

http://www.seari.org/files/SEARI_Suggested_ Statement_of_Special_Inspections.pdf

https://www.auroragov.org/cs/groups/public/documents/document/008745.pdf

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INTERNATIONAL ACCREDITATION SERVICE*	Seven Steps of a Special Inspection Program Step 3	
Example Special Inspection Agreement (Statement) Cont.	C. Engineer of Record's responsibilities: 1. Specify on the policyle plans and specifications all items requiring special inspections, including periodic inspections an accordance with Control. 2. Prepare a laterated of special inspection inspection, and of ceres have been engineered record control of the Control observation. All fails special inspection are section 1702, and if ceres have been engineered record control structural observations. All fails special inspection services by control official. D. Owner's responsibilities: 1. Octain and fund special inspection services by control with an appendix special properties. The Busilings (Official official) of the special inspection services by control with an appendix special properties. 2. Destine the special Scial and Scial bits the Busilings (Official official) of the special official of	E1
	Copyright 2016	51



- 4. Evaluate and approve special inspection agencies and inspectors. Use criteria established in Step 1, such as:
- Individual *professional* qualifications (certifications, licenses, education, experience, etc.).
- Interviews with individuals.
- Field observations.
- IAS accreditation.

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5. <u>Develop reporting requirements.</u>

- Describe the reports to be submitted and the criteria that determine whether a report is acceptable and properly formatted.
- All report forms for use in performing quality assurance inspection, engineering and/or testing *must be* approved by the building department.
- Report forms can be created by the building department to help streamline the reporting process.

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Seven Steps of a Special Inspection Program Step 5

Types of Reports:

 Daily Report, Weekly Report, Discrepancy Notice, Final Report.

Reporting Oversight:

- Building departments need to perform verification audits and review the reports submitted by special inspection agencies and special inspectors.
- Determine how audits will be performed, what evaluation criteria will be used, and what happens if the audited party is found to be performing in an unsatisfactory manner.

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INTERNATIONAL ACCREDITATION SERVICE*	Seven Steps of a Inspection Progran	•
	SPECIAL INSPECTION DAILY REPORT	
	ChyCounty ofPermit No :Date	
Example:		
Daily Report	Tests performed:	
Special Inspection	items requiring 1) correction, 2) correction of previously listed items, and 3) previously fisled uncorrected items.	
	Changes to approved plans authorized by engineer or architect of record.	
	Comments:	
	To the best of my knowledge, work inspected was in accordance with the building department approved plans, specifications and applicable workmanship provisions of the IBC except as noted above.	
	Signed:inspection Agency*. Print full name:	
	Copyright 2016	55

INTERNATIONAL ACCREDITATION SERVICE®	Seven Steps of a Special Inspection Program Step 5	
Example: Weekly Report Special Inspection	SPECIAL INSPECTION WEEKLY REPORT CrycCourty of	
	Copyright 2016	56

INTERNATIONAL ACCREDITATION SERVICE*	Seven Steps of a Special Inspection Program Step 5	5
	SPECIAL INSPECTION DISCREPANCY NOTICE ChylCounty of Parent No Date Project Namer/Address:	
Example:	Notice dothered to: Contractor Engineer/Inchance Building Department The following discrepancies require correction and inspection approval prior to proceeding with this phase of the work:	
Discrepancy Notice Special		
Inspection		
	Signec:	
	Copyright 2016	57

INTERNATIONAL ACCREDITATION SERVICE*	Seven Steps of a Special Inspection Program Step	
Example: Final Report Special Inspection	SPECIAL INSPECTION FINAL REPORT ClayCountry of	
	Copyright 2016	58



6. Practice site verification.

- Verify the special inspector is on site *for all continuous inspections*.
- Verify that the special inspectors on site <u>were the ones</u> approved.
- <u>Spot check</u> daily, weekly, and <u>review</u> discrepancy reports <u>in field</u> where the special inspector is readily questioned.

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Seven Steps of a Special Inspection Program Step 6

- Talk with the special inspectors, make sure you're available to them, <u>verify that they're comfortable with their</u> <u>authority</u>.
- Verify that all special inspection <u>steps are completed</u> before 'next-step' building department inspections are conducted.

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- 7. Review, accept and retain final report of special inspections.
- Before final approval of permit or issuance of C of O.
- Review exceptions or discrepancies <u>and</u> corrections.
- Accept when satisfied that <u>no unresolved issues</u> exist.
- Retain records according to written policy and statutory requirements.

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General Responsibilities of a Special Inspector (Sample)

- **1. Responsibilities and authority:** Apply special inspector responsibilities and authority and *comply* with requirements of enforcing jurisdiction.
- **2. Notification:** Notify the local jurisdiction of the inspection job and specify the type of inspection for which the special inspector has been engaged, in accordance with enforcing jurisdiction requirements.
- Presence at job: Be present for continuous inspection during execution of <u>all work</u> for which the special inspector has been engaged.

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General Responsibilities of a Special Inspector (Sample)

- 4. Acceptable conditions: Verify that the local jurisdiction inspector has approved the conditions at the site when required. Typically special inspectors <u>don't</u> have the authority to <u>stop work!</u>
- Progress report: Submit <u>timely</u>, periodic written and verbal progress reports to the local jurisdiction when required.
- 6. Identify discrepancies: Notify contractors when discrepancies occur. <u>Don't design solutions!</u>
- Uncorrected discrepancies: <u>Timely notify</u> the building official and designer when discrepancies are not corrected.

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General Responsibilities of a Special Inspector (Sample)

- **8. Plan changes**: Verify that structural plan changes are properly documented and approved by the enforcing jurisdiction.
- Record keeping: Maintain records of work inspected, including discrepancies and actions taken.
- **10. Compliance report:** Submit <u>timely</u> final report of compliance.

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Specific Responsibilities of a SIA for Concrete (Sample)

Concrete Mix Verification:

- Mix design: Verify concrete mix design based on water/cement ratio or laboratory mix design, that cement type is as specified, that aggregate type, weight and size are as specified and that admixtures are correct.
- **2. Trip ticket:** Determine that mixer truck trip ticket specifies mix in truck is mix required.
- Mixing water: Verify that total water added to mix does not exceed that allowed by concrete mix design and is of acceptable quality.

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Specific Responsibilities of a SIA for Concrete (Sample)

Concrete Mix Verification:

- 4. Adequate equipment: Verify that concrete mixing and placing equipment at site is adequate for the intended use.
- Quality of concrete: Verify that the quality of the concrete is indicative of adequate mixing time, consistency and <u>relevant time limits</u>.

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Specific Responsibilities of a SIA for Concrete (Sample)

Other concrete areas to be checked by Special Inspectors. Each includes multiple steps not included in this presentation:

- Concrete Reinforcement and Prestressing Steel
- Concrete Formwork and Embedded Items
- Concrete Preparation and Placement
- Samples and Tests
- Concrete Protection
- Prestressing and Grouting

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PART 3 – IAS Special Inspection Agency Accreditation

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What is the Program?

- A <u>comprehensive</u> program that helps building departments manage special inspections in the jurisdiction.
- IAS assesses and monitors the special inspection agencies to ensure they meet the requirements in Chapter 17 of the IBC.
- IAS helps building departments do everything from writing adoption language to use the program, to setting a timeline, providing training, evaluating the special inspection agencies, etc.

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IAS Special Inspection Agency Accreditation Program

Objective:

- Provide building departments with <u>verification</u> that special inspection agencies are qualified to work in their jurisdiction.
- Helps building departments to approve special inspections.



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Accreditation Benefits for Building Department

IAS SIA Program Benefits for Building Departments:

- Ensures Code Compliance IAS provides a stringent process to determine if SIAs comply with Chapter 17 of the IBC.
- Saves Time IAS takes the burden off the building department to make sure that SIAs are regularly assessed for quality and competence.
- Standardizes Assessments All SIAs are evaluated using the same criteria and assessment process, creating a level playing field for everyone.

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Accreditation Benefits for Building Department

More IAS SIA Program Benefits for Building Departments:

- Limits Liability Typically requiring SIAs to be accredited by IAS provides evidence of due diligence to ensure the competence of such agencies.
- Easy to Use Building departments can search by organization name, listing number or scope on the <u>IAS</u> website.
- Economizes resources There is little to no cost for building departments that participate in the IAS SIA Accreditation Program.

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Comments from Building Department

Earl Russell, Building and Safety Department Inspections Manager, City of Las Vegas, NV (retired):

"Not long ago, we really struggled to keep our heads above water. Today, we're confident that our special inspection agencies meet national requirements, assuring us that our infrastructure is built to the tightest code standard of the day."

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Accreditation Benefits for Special Inspection Agencies

- Helps SIAs get approved by building departments.
- Improves SIA's existing program.
- Improves organization's <u>operational efficiency.</u>
- Improves on delivery of inspection services.
- Increases qualifications of personnel.
- Creates a more level playing field when proposing on projects.

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Comments from an Accredited Special Inspection Agency

 Stephen R. Johnson, Vice President and Materials Department Manager, GeoTek, Inc., Las Vegas, NV

"The best part about this process is that it allowed us to review our current program with an eye on improvement. In fact, we enacted several beneficial procedures to meet these requirements and help us provide better service to our clients."

"We've had some unexpected benefits. Accreditation has also helped us qualify with a nationally-based client that typically requires agencies to follow a client-defined internal process for assessment. Because of the accreditation, we developed a relationship with this client and were able to stand out from our competitors."

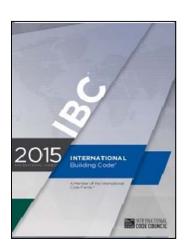
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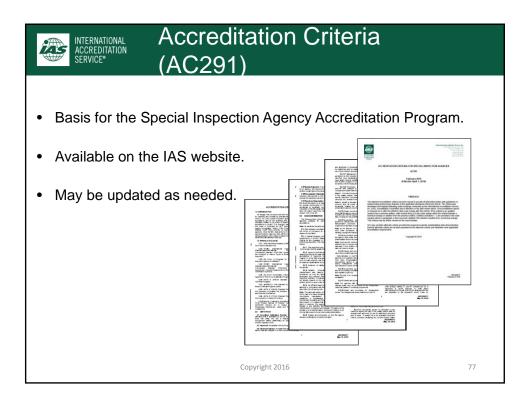


Basis for IAS Special Inspection Agency Accreditation

- International Building Code (IBC),
 Chapter 17
- IAS Accreditation Criteria AC291
- ISO/IEC 17020, Conformity assessment – Requirements for the operation of various types of bodies performing inspection (applicable portions)



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Basis for Approving Agencies

IAS accreditation provides building departments with information the code requires to approve SIAs:

IBC 1703.1 – **Approved Agencies:** An approved agency shall provide all information as necessary for the building official to determine that the agency meets the applicable requirements.

- Independency. . .no conflicts of interest.
- Equipment. . .adequate to perform required tests.
- Personnel. . .shall employ experienced/knowledgeable in conducting, supervising, and evaluating tests and/or inspections.

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Accreditation Criteria (AC291)

A Few of the Items Covered in the Criteria:

- **Competence** of special inspectors (interviews, field observations)
- Policies and procedures (inspections, reporting, sample handling, subcontracting, complaints)
- **Tools** (code books, data sheets, inspection forms, equipment)
- **Records** (inspections, training, etc.)

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Accreditation Criteria (AC291)

1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Scope [of Program]
- 1.2 Reference and Normative Documents

2.0 DEFINITIONS

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Accreditation Criteria (AC291)

3.0 DOCUMENTED INFORMATION SUBMISSION

Information that must be submitted by agencies applying for Special Inspection Agency Accreditation:

- **3.2** Management system documentation complying with ISO/IEC Standard 17020:2012 and other requirements
- 3.3 3.38 Additional required information

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Accreditation Criteria (AC291)

4.0 ASSESSMENTS

- Assessments are performed on-site prior to accreditation and once every two years after the initial accreditation
- Assessments are performed remotely after the first year of accreditation and in years when an on-site assessment is not due
- Supplementary on-site assessments may be conducted as shown in the Rules of Procedure

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5.0 CONTENTS AND COVERAGE OF INSPECTION REPORTS

6.0 TRAINING

7.0 SUPERVISION/MONITORING OF INSPECTORS

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8.0 MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS FOR SPECIAL INSPECTORS

• See Table 1

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Accreditation Criteria (AC291) cont.

8.0 MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS FOR SPECIAL INSPECTORS

Includes qualifications for the following Special Inspectors:

- Prestressed/Precast Concrete
- Reinforced Concrete
- Nondestructive Testing
- Pier and Pile Foundations
- Post-installed Structural Anchors in Concrete
- Soils
- Spray-applied Fire-resistant Materials
- Steel (High-strength Bolting and Welding)
- Masonry Construction
- Wood Construction

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Accreditation Criteria (AC291) cont.

8.0 MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS FOR SPECIAL INSPECTORS

Includes qualifications for the following Special Inspectors:

- Exterior Insulation and Finish Systems
- Firestop Systems
- Wall Panels, Curtain Walls, and Veneers
- Smoke Control Systems
- Mechanical Systems
- Fuel-oil Storage and Piping Systems
- Structural Cold-formed Steel
- Excavation Sheeting, Shoring and Bracing
- High-pressure Steam Piping (Welding)
- Structural Safety Stability and Mechanical Demolition
- Site Storm Drainage Disposal and Detention
- Sprinkler Systems

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Accreditation Criteria (AC291) cont.

8.0 MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS FOR SPECIAL INSPECTORS

<u>Includes qualifications for the following Special Inspectors:</u>

- Standpipe Systems
- Heating Systems
- Chimneys
- Seismic Isolation Systems
- Special Cases

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Accreditation Criteria (AC291)

Summary of AC291:

Section 1 - Introduction

Section 2 - Definitions

Section 3 – Documented Information Submission (Management System Documentation)

Section 4 – Assessments

Section 5 – Contents and Coverage of Inspection Reports

Section 6 - Training

Section 7 – Supervision/Monitoring of Inspectors

Section 8 - Minimum Qualifications for Special Inspectors

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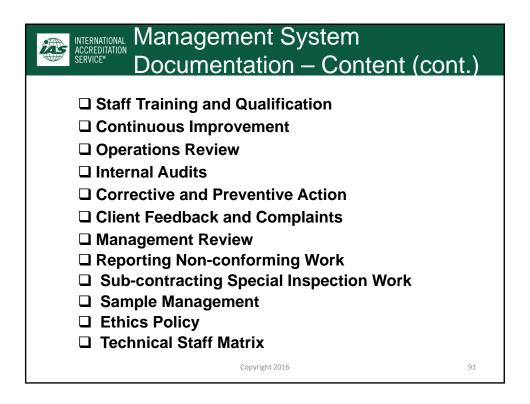


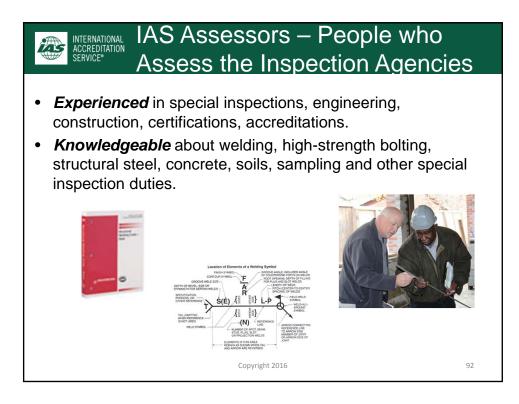
- AC291, Section 3.2 Requires documentation showing compliance with the relevant requirements.
- This Management System documentation is designed to ensure that special inspections meet the relevant regulatory and contractual requirements for each project undertaken.
- A company's resume for quality!

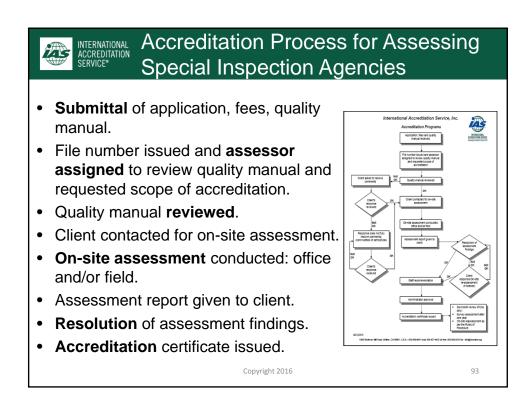


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INTERNATIONAL Management System
Documentation – Sample Content
☐ Quality Policy and Objectives
☐ Quality Program
☐ Organization and Management
☐ Organization Chart
☐ Communication
☐ Inspection, Measuring and Test Equipment
☐ Records and Reports Management
☐ Document Control
☐ Review & Approval of Contracts, Bids and Proposals
☐ Procurement of Materials, Supplies and Equipment
☐ Materials Management
☐ Oversight and Quality Control of Field Operation
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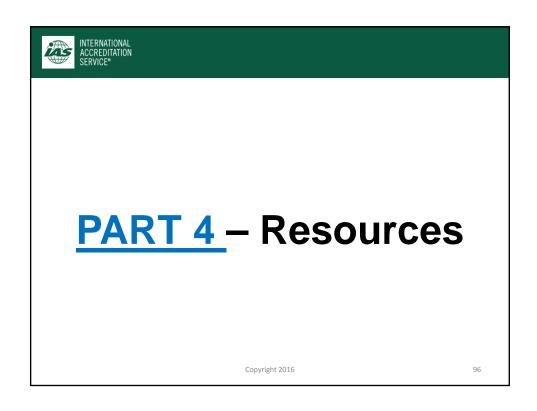




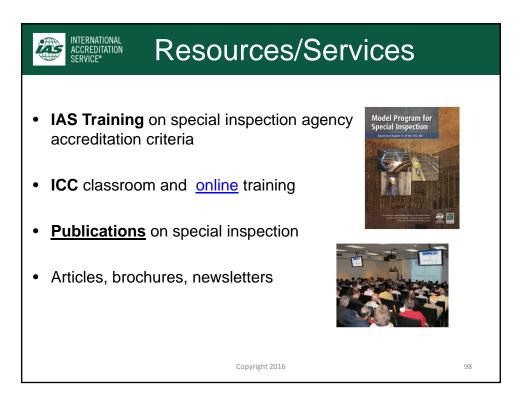




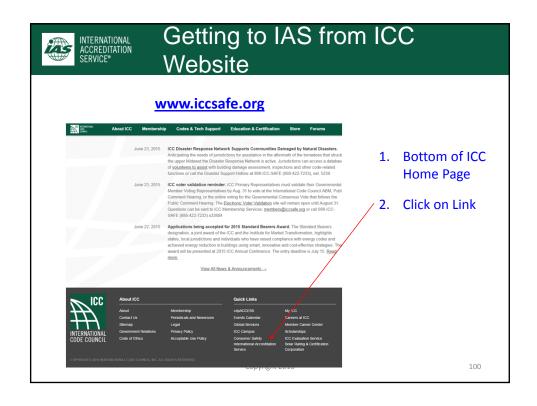
















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