

Getting the Most Out of FEMA's Billion Dollar FY2021 BRIC Program

A Discussion of Grant Funded Code Activities for Building and Fire Prevention Departments

October 7, 2021

Overview



Webinar Format

- Background on BRIC
 - How it's administered, what's eligible, and what conditions apply
- Success Story
 - Virginia's partnership between state agencies in support of code activities
- How Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS) Ratings
 Impact BRIC

Key Takeaways

- Overview of the FY 2020, \$500 million grant program for disaster mitigation that prioritizes building codes.
- Update/overview of the FY 2021, \$1 billion grant cycle
- Supports code adoption, implementation, training, certification, accreditation, and hardware/software needs
- States/localities with modern, well-enforced codes are more competitive applicants for mitigation projects
- Coordination with mitigation officials is key

MODERATOR



Karl Fippinger Vice President, Fire and Disaster Mitigation, ICC



Getting the Most Out of FEMA's Billion Dollar FY2021 BRIC Program

Panelists



Camille Crain BRIC Section Chief FEMA



Debbie Messmer State Hazard Mitigation Officer Virginia Department of Emergency Management (VDEM)



Jeff Brown
Director, State Building Codes Office
Virginia Department of Housing and
Community Development (DHCD)



Dale ThomureManager, Community Hazard Mitigation
ISO/Verisk

Camille Crain
BRIC Section Chief
FEMA







BRIC's Guiding Principles



Support Community Capability & Capacity Building



Encourage and Enable Innovation



Promote Partnerships



Enable Large Infrastructure Projects



Maintain Flexibility



Provide Consistency





BRIC Priorities

- Mitigate the risk to public infrastructure
- Incentivize resilient investments in disadvantaged communities, as referenced in EO 14008 (Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad)
- Mitigate risk to one or more community lifelines
- Incorporate nature-based solutions
- Enhance climate resilience and adaptation
- Incentivize the adoption and enforcement of the latest published editions of building codes

BRIC encourages mitigation projects that meet multiple program priorities

FY 2021 BRIC - Available Funding



\$1 Billion

- State/Territory Allocation: \$56 million (up to \$1 million per Applicant)
 - All 50 states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. territories may apply under the State/Territory Allocation
 - Any funds not awarded from the State/Territory Allocation will be re-allocated to the national competition
- Tribal Set-Aside: \$25 million
 - All Indian tribal governments (federally recognized) may apply under the Tribal Set-Aside
 - Any funds not awarded from the Tribal Set-Aside will be re-allocated to the non-financial Direct Technical Assistance for tribes or the national competition
- National Competition for Mitigation Projects: \$919 million (estimated)



Overview of BRIC Changes for FY 2021

Funding

- Total funding: doubled to \$1 billion
- State/Territory Allocation: increased by \$400,000 per Applicant (to \$1 million per Applicant)
- Tribal Set Aside: increased by \$5 million (to \$25 million total)

Non-financial Direct Technical Assistance

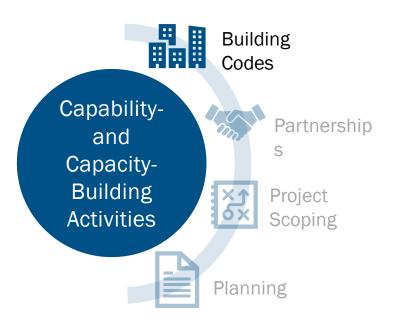
- Doubled number of communities (up to 20 communities)
- Streamlined process

Competition criteria

- Incorporation of equity across multiple criteria
- Tiered building codes points
- Increased points for BCEGS
- Total of 230 points available
- Economically Disadvantaged Rural Communities



BRIC and Building Codes



- Building code activities are eligible for funding under Capability- and Capacity-Building
- Adopting building codes and encouraging communities to have good Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS) scores are good practices for any project
- Part of FEMA's ongoing efforts to quantify the impacts hazard-resistant building codes have on the nation



Example Building Code Adoption and Enforcement Activities



Evaluate adoption and/or implementation of codes that reduce risk



Enhance existing adopted codes to incorporate more current requirements or higher standards



Develop professional workforce capabilities through technical assistance and training



FY 2021 BRIC - Technical Criteria



Infrastructure project



Mitigates risk to one or more lifelines



Incorporates nature-based solutions



Applicant has mandatory tribal-, territory-, or state-wide building code adoption requirement (recent versions of International Building Code and International Residential Code)



Subapplicant has Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule Rating of 1 to 5



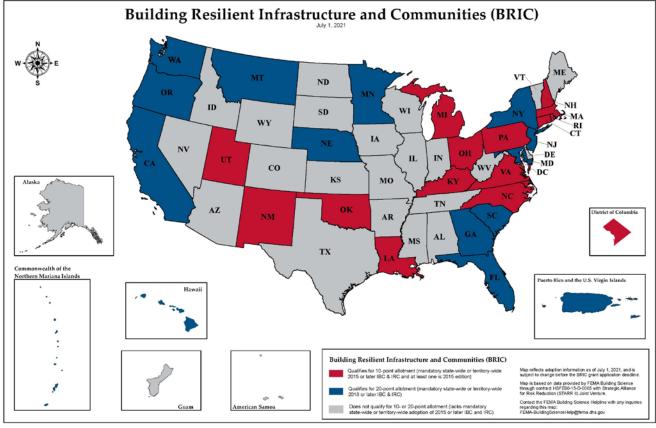
Application generated from a previous qualifying award or the subapplicant is a past recipient of BRIC non-financial Direct Technical Assistance



A non-federal cost share of at least 30% (or, for Economically Disadvantaged Rural Communities, a non-federal cost share of at least 12%)



Designation as an Economically Disadvantaged Rural Community



FY 2021 BRIC Technical Criterion 4

Building Code Adoption Status Map (as of July 1, 2021)



FY 2021 BRIC - Direct Technical Assistance

Double the number of communities supported through Direct Technical Assistance

Non-financial Direct Technical Assistance will be provided to up to **20 selected communities** to support the mitigation outcomes listed below:





FY 2020 BRIC Building Code Subapplications





Building Code Subapplications in Allocation Note: American Samoa project not included in Map



Evaluate adoption and/or implementation of codes that reduce risk

- Connecticut Code enforcement implementation (Hartford), accreditation
- Massachusetts Adoption of 2021 building codes
- American Samoa Adoption of 2018 building codes
- Alaska
 - Native Village of Shungnak Resilient building code implementation
 - Village of Levelock Adoption of building codes
 - Village of Alatna Resilient building code implementation
- Seminole Tribe of Florida Adoption of resilient building codes

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FY 2020 BRIC Building Code Subapplications



Enhance existing adopted codes to incorporate more current requirements or higher standards

- Indiana Updating/enhancing state's existing building codes
- Vermont Reviewing/updating current building codes to 2021 IBC and 2021 National Fire Protection Association
- Pennsylvania Reviewing energy efficiency and energy code enforcement efforts
- Texas Conducting flood modeling to inform regulatory policy (Houston); updating and adoption of floodplain management codes and standards

Develop professional workforce capabilities through technical assistance and training

- Michigan Implementing training and certification of building inspectors, plan reviews, and officials for national 2018 model codes
- Maine Development of virtual training for code officials
- Kentucky Lexington/Lafayette accreditation for new building codes
- Iowa Updating Iowa Storm Water Management Manual with current technology and information for practice designs



BRIC Program Support Materials

- BRIC Website
- FY 2021 BRIC Notice of Funding Opportunity
- BRIC Resources
 - BRIC Technical Criteria
 - BRIC Qualitative Criteria
 - BRIC Building Codes Activities
 - BRIC Mitigation Planning Activities
 - BRIC Partnership Activities
 - BRIC Project Scoping Activities
 - BRIC Phased Projects
 - BRIC Direct Technical Assistance
 - BRIC Tribal Information
 - Mitigation Action Portfolio



www.fema.gov/bric

Need Help?

General questions about the BRIC program can be directed to the appropriate <u>State Hazard Mitigation Officer</u> or <u>FEMA</u> Regional Office.

- General BRIC Questions and State Application Deadlines:
 State Hazard Mitigation Officer
- FEMA GO Helpline: femago@fema.dhs.gov or 1-877-611-4700
- Benefit Cost Analysis (BCA) Helpline: BCHelpline@fema.dhs.gov or 1-855-540-6744
- Feasibility and Effectiveness Helpline: FEMA-BuildingScienceHelp@fema.dhs.gov
- Environmental and Historic Preservation:

 EHPHelpline@fema.dhs.gov or 1-866-222-3580
- Hazard Mitigation Assistance (HMA) Helpline: 1-866-222-3580

Thank you!

www.fema.gov/bric



Experience from the State Perspective



Debbie Messmer State Hazard Mitigation Officer Virginia Department of Emergency Management (VDEM)





Jeff Brown
Director, State Building Codes Office
Virginia Department of Housing and
Community Development (DHCD)





BRIC in Virginia





Applicant vs Sub-applicant

 Applicant – State, Territory, or Federally Recognized Tribe that submits one umbrella application on behalf of their sub-applicants



 Sub-applicant – Local Governments, Tribal Governments, State Agencies, and Tribal Agencies



Application Process

- NOFO deadline January 28, 2022
- Virginia Deadline November 10, 2021
- Technical Review
- Peer Review Process
- Ranking of Projects
- Project application data entry



Grants Portal



 VDEM.EMGRANTS.COM – grants management system that all sub-applicants must use to complete the pre-application and application. Peer review will also happen using this system.

 FEMA Grants Outcome (FEMAGO) – grants management system FEMA uses to review all sub-applications and applications. VDEM enters in all relevant application data and documents



Funding Opportunities

- State set-aside for FY 2020 = \$600,000 federal
- State set-aside for FY 2021 increased to \$1,000,000 federal
- Virginia priorities are for projects that are scoping in nature or evaluating a problem and determining a solution
- Applications is FY 2020 included: engineering studies for stormwater and microgrids, outreach and education for flooding and building codes
- This year the full \$1,000,000 federal will be used for capability and capacity



Questions?



Debbie Messmer (804) 267-7732 Debbie.messmer@VDEM.virginia.gov





Dale ThomureManager, Community Hazard Mitigation ISO/Verisk







The Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS®) within the FEMA BRIC Program

Dale K. Thomure, CBO, CFM Manager – Community Hazard Mitigation ISO



Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS®)



- Insurance Industry Program focused on Natural Hazard Mitigation
- Started in 1996
- Assigned at the community level based on building code enforcement service delivery.
 - County Departments
 - Third-Party Agencies

Aggregated into classifications of 1–10 for both Personal and Commercial Lines

Class 99 Jurisdictions

5 Year Cyclical Update

Countrywide Coverage

All applicants or sub-applicants of BRIC have a BCEGS classification

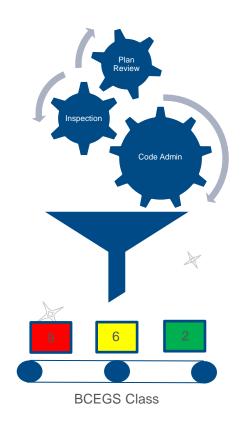
Bureau States





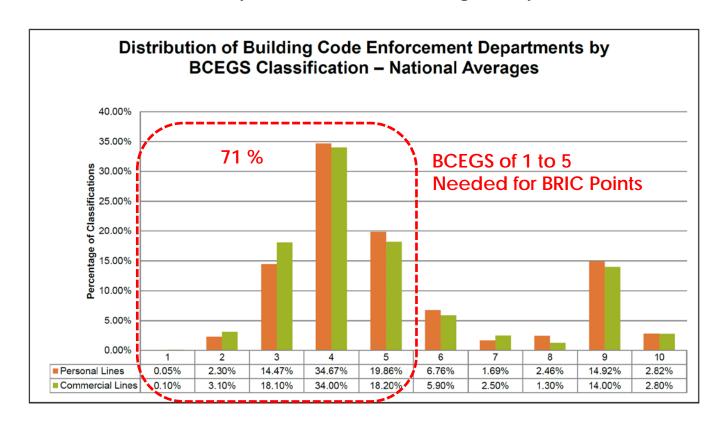
What goes into a BCEGS Classification?

BCEGS Areas of Focus	
Code	Adopted Building Code
Administration	Adopted Sub-Codes
	State and Local Code Amendments
	Method of Code Adoption
	Natural Hazards Impacting the Jurisdiction
	Staff Training and Education
54%	Certification of Staff
34%	Qualification of the Building Official
	Utilization of Design Professionals
	Zoning and Land-Use Provisions
	Contractor Licensing Programs
	Public Awareness Programs
	Appeals Process
	Administrative Policies and Procedures
	Quality Assurance Programs
Plan Review	Plan Review Staffing
23%	Experience of Plan Review Personnel
2070	Detail of Plan Review
	Management of Plan Review Activity
Field Inspection	Inspection Staffing
23%	Experience of Inspection Personnel
23/0	Management of Inspection Activity
	Inspection Checklists
	Special Inspections
	Inspections for Natural Hazard Mitigation
	Final Inspections
	Certificates of Occupancy





BCEGS Classifications Across the Nation BRIC Requires a Class of 1 -5 to be eligible for points





What is the applicable BCEGS Class for my Project?

BCEGS Class for BRIC credit is based on the subapplicant

ISO does not make the determination as to appropriate subapplicant.

If a State: Use the state average found on the isomitigation.com website:



- If a **Local Unit of Government**; use the BCEGS Class assigned to that unit of government.
 - All classified units of government have received notification of their BCEGS classification in the past, check with the local building department or City Hall administrators.
- If a Quasi-Governmental Entity or Other (water district, drainage district, as examples); use the BCEGS classification applicable to the physical location of the project.
 - Contact the Building Code Department that has jurisdiction over the project area, their BCEGS classification is the one that is to be used. Ask this question: "If I needed to get a permit for construction here, who would have jurisdiction?"



I need Help!

ISO will assist subapplicant with the determination of the appropriate classification

- If you are unable to obtain the classification from the appropriate building department, you can contact ISO for assistance.
 - ISO cannot release BCEGS classifications to consultants or outside parties without the consent of the classified jurisdiction. Permission can be given via email.
 - BCEGS classifications are not available for public download.

ISO will assist any Building Code Enforcement Department with determination of methods to improve classifications or to determine their classification

- Detailed reports of scoring are available to the code official
- Resurvey can be completed quickly for BRIC projects in instances of departmental improvements since last evaluation.

Direct inquiries to: BCEGS_Info@verisk.com

State Average Lookup:

https://www.isomitigation.com/bcegs/facts-and-

figures/



Resources and Contact Info

- BRIC for Code Officials: https://www.iccsafe.org/BRIC
- Certifications: https://www.iccsafe.org/certification
- Training: <u>learn.iccsafe.org</u>
 - o When Disaster Strikes Institute: Next virtual training: December 6 7, 2021
- o Going Virtual: iccsafe.org/GoVirtual
- Building Department Accreditation: <u>www.iasonline.org/BDA</u>
- Consulting Services for Code Adoption: https://www.SKGhoshAssociates.com/

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Additional Questions? Email: Advocacy@iccsafe.org



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