

Welcome to the 2018 Annual Conference Educational Sessions

Session: 2018 IBC Essentials – Building Planning



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Jon Roberts Codes and Advisory Services



UL Resources

 Fire resistance rated assemblies





- UL is a global independent safety science company.
- Started in 1894
- Perform product testing and research to ensure safety.
- Tests performed in several different areas.



UL Services





Fire Resistant Construction

Fire-Resistance-Rated Construction

International Fire and Building Code Requirements for Fire-Resistance-Rated Construction



Code Requirements

Why is this important to a Building Code Official?

IBC Section 703.2

Fire-resistance ratings shall be determined in accordance with ANSI/UL 263 or ASTM E119



Why is this important to a Fire Official?

IFC Section 701.1

Governs maintenance of materials, systems, and assemblies used for:

- Structural fire resistance and fire-resistance-rated construction
- Separation of adjacent spaces to safeguard against the spread of fire and smoke within a building
- Safeguards against the spread of fire to or from buildings.
- New buildings shall comply with the International Building Code.



Fire Protection Triad

Detection









Suppression



Containment





Fire Partition

- Rated assemblies constructed within the building
- Used as separation walls
- Extend from floor to ceiling above

Fire Partitio





Fire Barriers

- Rated assemblies constructed within the building
- Used to separate fire areas or occupancies within the same building
- Extend from floor to floor or to the roof
- Not structurally independent
- 2 hour rating or greater (Except U)



Fire Wall

- Independent Footing
- Structurally Independent
- Separates buildings
- > Extends to the roof or through it





Other Definitions

Fire-resistance:

That property of materials or their assemblies that prevents or retards the passage of excessive heat, hot gases or flames under conditions of use. (IBC)



Other Definitions

Fire-resistance rating:

The period of time a building element, component or assembly maintains the ability to confine a fire, continues to perform a given structural function, or both, as determined by the tests, or the methods based on tests, prescribed in Section 703.3 (IBC)



Other Definitions

Fire-protection rating :

The period of time that an <u>opening protective</u> will maintain the ability to confine a fire as determined by tests prescribed in Section 715. Ratings are stated in hours or minutes. (IBC)



Expressing Fire Resistance

- Expressed as an Hourly Time Period
- Ratings range from 1/2 to 4 hours



Contain the fire to the room or floor of origin



Fire-Resistance-Rated Construction

Establishing Fire-Resistance Ratings







Time - Temperature Curve



Building Components



- Beams
- Floor/Ceilings or Roof/Ceilings
- > Walls





UL





Unexposed Side – After Test

120

XIR

142





2 Hour Assembly Hose Stream = 30 psi for 2-1/2 min





Conditions of Acceptance – Walls

- Flame passage
- Limit heat transfer
- Support load
- Hose stream

- Did fire spread?
- 250°F / 325°F (average)?
- Is it still standing?
- Did water penetrate?

Gypsum Video







Maintaining Fire Resistant Walls











Breaches in Fire-Resistance-Rated Construction



Building Code Requirements

- IBC Breaches shall be protected
 - Section 714 ≻ UL 1479
 - Section 715 ≻ UL 2079
 - Section 716 ≻ UL 9, UL 10A, 10B, 10C
 - Section 717 ≻ UL 555, UL 555S, UL 555C
- Each type of breach has a unique fire test standard associated with it which compliments ANSI/UL 263 and ASTM E119
Winecoff Hotel Atlanta, GA - 1946

- Advertised as "absolutely fireproof"
- Fire spread for the 3rd floor up a stairwell.
- •One stairwell in the building.
- No doors on stairwell
- 15 Stories
- •119 Died





MGM Grand Las Vegas, NV – 1980

- Fire confined to 1st floor
- 46 Stories
- 679 injured, 85 fatalities.
- Most on upper floors.





First Interstate Bank Los Angeles, CA -1988

- Fire spread from 12th to 16th floor through improperly protected penetrations and through unprotected perimeter joint.
- Lunch bags were used to protect penetrations.
- One fatality.





One Meridian Plaza Philadelphia, PA –1991

- Fire spread from 22nd to 30th floor through improperly protected penetrations and through perimeter joint.
- Three fire fighter fatalities, 24 FF injuries.





Breaches in Fire-Resistance-Rated Construction

Does a breach really impact the performance of a fire-resistance-rated assembly?



Firestop Video

Absolutely!!! Unsealed or improperly sealed breaches cost lives and property!



Online Tools For Locating UL Designs

Traditional UL Directories





UL Product Spec

www.ul.com/productspec



On Apple IOS (I-phone and I-pad)

www.ul.com/productspec

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What does an assembly look like?



Wall Assembly





Quickly find, specify, or verify UL Certified products for your projects.













Quickly find, specify, or verify UL Certified products for your projects.



Assembly Usage Disclaimer

BXUV - Fire Resistance Ratings - ANSI/UL 263

BXUV7 - Fire Resistance Ratings - CAN/ULC-S101 Certified for Canada

See General Information for Fire-resistance Ratings - ANSI/UL 263

See General Information for Fire Resistance Ratings - CAN/ULC-S101 Certified for Canada

Design No. U306

January 21, 2010

Bearing Wall Rating — 1 HR.

Finish Rating — 20 Min.

This design was evaluated using a load design method other than the Limit States Design Method (e.g., Working Stress Design Method). For jurisdictions employing the Limit States Design Method, such as Canada, a load restriction factor shall be used — See Guide BXUV or BXUV7

* Indicates such products shall bear the UL or cUL Certification Mark for jurisdictions employing the UL or cUL Certification (such as Canada), respectively.



1. Nailheads - Exposed or covered with joint compound.

2. Joints of Exposed Boards — Exposed joints covered with joint compound and paper tape. Joint compound and paper tape may be omitted when square edge boards are used.

3. Gypsum Board* — 3/8 in. thick gypsum wallboard, applied in two layers, the first layer of boards placed vertically and temporarily nailed in position, the second layer coated with glue, applied against the first layer and nailed to studs 6 in. OC at edges of boards and 8 in. OC at intermediate studs with 1-7/8 in., 6d, cement coated nails. CERTAINTEED GYPSUM INC — Type DDG2.

GEORGIA-PACIFIC GYPSUM L L C — Type GPFS1.

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GEORGIA-PACIFIC GYPSUM L L C — Type GPFS1.

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Fire Stop Assembly



Penetration Fire Stop Types

• Two Types – Through and Membrane



- Vertical Floor or ceiling
- Horizontal Wall

Penetration Fire Stopping

- Firestop Systems tested to ASTM E 814 or UL 1479 result in hourly ratings.
 - F Rating The amount of time before flame pokes through openings to the unexposed side of the test assembly.
 - T Rating The amount of time for the surface of the penetrating item on the non-fire side of the test assembly to rise 250F plus ambient temperature.
 - "L" Rating The L Rating measures the amount of air that moves through an opening in cubic feet per minute per square foot of opening area, at ambient temperatures and 400F.
 - "W" Rating The W Rating quantifiably measures resistance of a firestop product to water in buildings.

Finding Proper Fire Stopping

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Quickly find, specify, or verify UL Certified products for your projects.











Quickly find, specify, or verify UL Certified products for your projects.





1. HOW DO YOU WANT TO SEARCH?

2. RESULTS

Search with Specific Parameters

Select from the following menus, then click Search.

Assembly type:	Penetrating item:		
Framed walls	Nonmetallic pipe, conduit or tubing		
Required rating:	Manufacturer (optional):		
F Rating ≥ 1 hr and < 2 hr	Example: "XYZ Co."		

Keyword (optional):

Example: "plastic"

Search

Back



Quickly find, specify, or verify UL Certified products for your projects.

1. HOW DO YOU WANT TO SEARCH?

2. RESULTS

 Search Assembly type: Framed walls; Penetrating item: Nonmetallic pipe, conduit or tubing; Rating: F Rating ≥ 1 hr and < 2 hr</td>

 Results viewing 51-75 of 359

SYSTEM	UL PRODUCT CATEGORY & CODE	^
System No. W-L-2124	Through-penetration Firestop Systems: XHEZ.W-L-2124	📕 DWG
System No. W-L-2126	Through-penetration Firestop Systems: XHEZ.W-L-2126	📕 DWG
System No. W-L-2127	Through-penetration Firestop Systems: XHEZ.W-L-2127	📕 DWG
System No. W-L-2128	Through-penetration Firestop Systems: XHEZ.W-L-2128	D WG
System No. W-L-2129	Through-penetration Firestop Systems: XHEZ.W-L-2129	📕 DWG
System No. W-L-2134	Through-penetration Firestop Systems: XHEZ.W-L-2134	📕 DWG
System No. W-L-2135	Through-penetration Firestop Systems: XHEZ.W-L-2135	📕 DWG
System No. W-L-2136	Through-penetration Firestop Systems: XHEZ.W-L-2136	D WG



THROUGH-PENETRATION FIRESTOP SYSTEM

Assembly Usage Disclaimer

Search Parameters

Assembly type

Framed walls

Penetrating item

Nonmetallic pipe, conduit or tubing

Rating

F Rating \geq 1 hr and < 2 hr

XHEZ - Through-penetration Firestop Systems

See General Information for Through-penetration Firestop Systems

System No. W-L-2126

December 07, 2002



XHEZ - Through-penetration Firestop Systems

See General Information for Through-penetration Firestop Systems

System No. W-L-2126

1. **Wall Assembly** — The 1, 2, 3 or 4 hr fire-rated gypsum board/stud wall assembly shall be constructed of the materials and in the manner specified in the individual U300 or U400 Series Wall and Partition Designs in the UL Fire Resistance Directory and shall include the following construction features:

A. **Studs** — Wall framing may consist of either wood studs or steel channel studs. Wood studs to consist of nom 2 by 4 in. lumber spaced 16 in. OC. Steel studs to be min 3-5/8 in. wide and spaced max 24 in. OC.

B. **Gypsum Board*** — The gypsum board type, thickness, number of layers, fasteners type and sheet orientation shall be as specified in the individual U300 or U400 Series Design. In the UL Fire Resistance Directory. Max diam of opening is 3-1/8 in.

The hourly F and T Ratings of the firestop system is equal to the hourly fire rating of the assembly in which it is installed.

2. **Through Penetrants** — One nonmetallic pipe or tubing installed either concentrically or eccentrically within the firestop system. Pipe or tubing to be rigidly supported on both sides of wall assembly. The following types and sizes of nonmetallic pipes or tubing may be used:

A. Chlorinated Polyvinyl Chloride (CPVC) Pipe — Nom 2 in. diam (or smaller) SDR 11 CPVC pipe for use in closed (process or supply) piping systems. The annular space between pipe and periphery of opening shall be min 1/4 in. to max 1/2 in.

B. Crosslinked Polyethylene (PEX) Tubing — Nom 1-1/2 in. diam (or smaller) SDR 9 PEX tubing for used in closed (process or supply) piping systems. The annular space between tubing and periphery of opening shall be min 1/4 in. to max 3/8 in.

C. **Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe** — Nom 2 in. diam (or smaller) Schedule 40 solid or cellular core PVC pipe for use in closed (process or supply) piping systems.

3. Fill, Void or Cavity Material* — Sealant — Min 5/8 in. thickness of fill material for a 1 hr rated wall assembly, min 1 in. thickness of fill material for 2, 3 and 4 hr rated wall assemblies applied within the annulus, flush with both surfaces of wall. PASSIVE FIRE PROTECTION PARTNERS — 3600EX, 4800DW



* Indicates such products shall bear the UL or cUL Certification Mark for jurisdictions employing the UL or cUL Certification (such as Canada), respectively.

Fire Resistance-Rated Construction

Changes to Designs





Allowable Changes

U)							
JL PRODUCT SPEC™	Quickly find, specify, or verify UL	Quickly find, specify, or verify UL Certified products for your project					
1. HOW DO YOU WANT TO SEARCH?	2. RESULT	rs					
FIRE-RESISTANCE DESIGN							
Fire-resistance Ratings - ANSI/UL 263, BXUV							
Guide Information for Fire-resistance Ratings							
	Design Information Section						
The Design Information Section supplements the inc	dividual published designs and is organized as fol	llows:					
I. INTRODUCTION							
1. Rapid-rise Fire Test							
2. Definitions							
1. Metric Dimensions	12. Dampers						
2. Loading of Test Specimens	13. Wood Structural Panels						
3. Finish Ratings	14. Blanket Insulation						
4. Nails and Screws	15. Sound Transmission Class (STC)						
5 Interior and Exterior Applications	16. Impact Insulation Class (IIC)						

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Where do we find the guide?

In this case the BXUV Guide Info

>ul.com/bxuvguide





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Hands on exercises





Product Spec - Questions Key

- 1. How many layers of gypsum are installed on each side of a U305 design?
 - > One layer of 5/8 on each side of the assembly.
- 2. Is a U347 design configuration A rated for fire exposure from both sides of the wall?
 - Exposed to fire from area separation wall side only.
- 3. Is a U415 designed to be built from one side?
 - Yes, this is a shaft wall.
- 4. Is a U438 a bearing wall?
 - No, it's a non bearing 2hour wall

Product Spec - Questions Key

- 5. What is the rating for an L501 Floor/Ceiling Assembly and how many allowable systems are there?
 - I hour, and there are 18 different systems. (One is withdrawn.)
- 6. On a M512 Floor/Ceiling Assembly can I leave the screw heads exposed or do they need to be covered with tape and mud?
 - No, item 8 would require that they be covered by tape and mud.
- 7. What is the minimum depth and spacing for structural wood members in a M535 Floor/Ceiling design?
 - Min 9-1/2 in. deep, spacing is a maximum of 24 inches.

Product Spec - Questions Key

- 8. What is the largest aluminum tube that a C-AJ-1039 through penetration firestop system can accommodate?
 - > Item 2, nominal 4 inch or smaller pipe.
- 9. What is the minimum thickness of the mastic intumescent coating applied to a column protected by an X624 design for a one hour rating?
 - The minimum is 0.21
- 10. On a S724 roof beam design what is the minimum thickness, in inches, of the spray applied fire resistive material for a 1 hour rated unrestrained beam?
 - > ³/₄ of an inch.

- 1. Where are **leakage rated (smoke) dampers** intended to be installed?
 - Where air ducts and air-transfer openings traverse smoke barriers. (Section II, Item 12)
- 2. According to the guide does type C gypsum board have a better or worse fire performance than type X?
 - Type C boards have a better fire performance. (Section II, Item 9)
- 3. According to the guide is oriented strand board (OSB) considered a wood structural panel?
 - > Yes. (Section I, item 2)

- 4. In floor ceiling/roof ceiling assemblies the surface area of individual <u>electrical</u> boxes should not exceed how many square inches?
 - > 16 sq Inches (Section III, item 6)
- 5. According to the section of the guide entitled **Walls and Partitions** are wood structural panels allowed to be added to a fire-rated gypsum board wall assemblies?
 - The addition of wood structural panels in fire-rated gypsum board wall assemblies is permitted as described in section (Section VI, Item 6)

- 6. According to the guide the addition of insulation in the concealed space between the ceiling membrane and the floor or roof structure may reduce the hourly rating of an assembly? True or false?
 - True (Section III, Item 17)
- 7. According to the guide section dealing restrained and unrestrained assemblies if you had **steel framing** made up of steel beams welded, riveted, or bolted to the framing would that be restrained or unrestrained?
 - Restrained (Section III, item 15, table C1.1, IIA)

- 8. Most roof assemblies are tested with Class A roof covering? True or false?
 - False (Section III, Item 19)
- 9. In Steel Stud Wall Assemblies are the dimensions and gauge of steel studs found in the design a minimum or maximum? The dimensions and gauge of steel studs are minimums?
 - The dimensions and gauge of steel studs are minimums (Section VI, Item 4)

- 10. According to the section of the guide entitled **Walls and Partitions** are additional layers of gypsum board or great thicknesses of gypsum board allowed to be added to a design? True or false?
 - Yes. Greater thicknesses of gypsum board are permitted as long as the fastener length is increased (Section VI, Item 1)



We give you these tools so you can help make the a safer world.







And so you can build an assembly....



Using product spec:



- Build an assembly *Disregard Insulation* Make note of:
- The fasteners how far apart, type, length
- The rating how many hours
- The load capacity is it bearing or non bearing





Assembly 1 – U309 Assembly 2 – U379 Assembly 3 – U305 Assembly 4 – U328





Assembly 2 – U379



U379









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PEOPLE, PRODUCTS AND PLACES



Questions / Comments







Underwriters Laboratories



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Thank You For Attending



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