

Description

- This course provides an overview of the 2021 IBC Section 705 provisions for the application of the code requirements addressing exterior wall and opening protection.
 - Other code provisions applicable to an understanding of exterior wall and opening protection will also be addressed.

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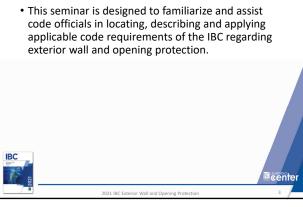
• In addition, the provisions regulating combustible materials in exterior walls required to be noncombustible will be addressed.

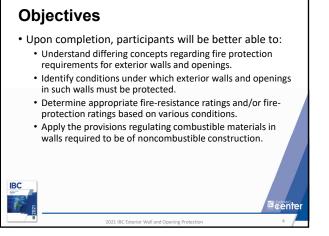
2021 IBC Exterior Wall and Opening Protec

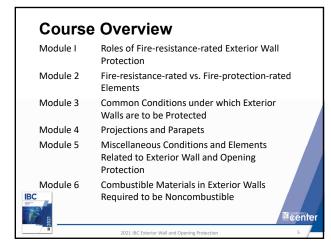
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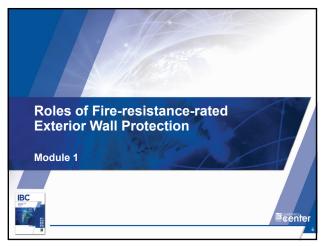
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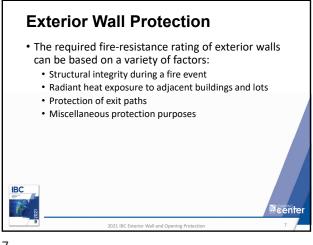






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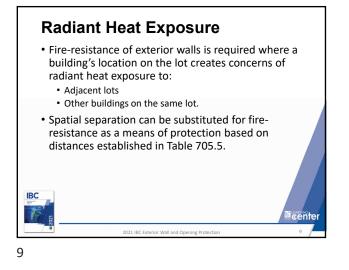




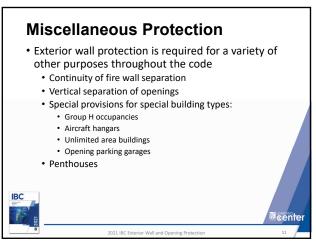


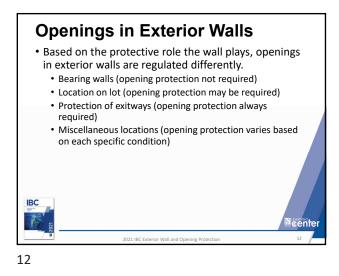
- Exterior walls are regulated differently depending on their contribution to the structural integrity of the building.
- Bearing walls must be fire-resistance-rated in buildings of Types I, IIA, III, IV and VA construction.
 Degree of fire-resistance established in Table 601.
- Nonbearing walls require no fire-resistance when solely addressing structural protection.



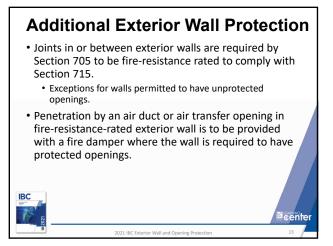














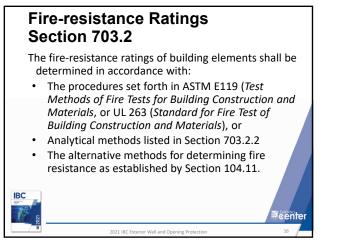
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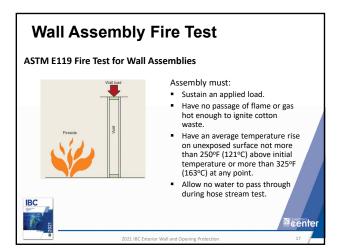
Ratings for Exterior Walls and Openings

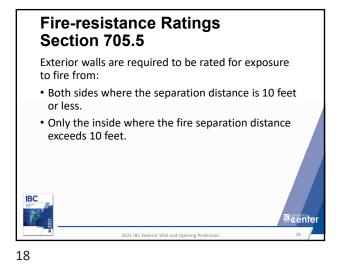
Fire protection of exterior walls and openings are typically based on the procedures set forth in:

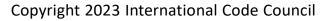
- ASTM E119 or UL 263 for wall assemblies, including glazed wall assemblies
- NFPA 252 or UL 10C for swinging fire door assemblies, including glazing in doors
 NFPA 257 or UL 9 for fire window assemblies

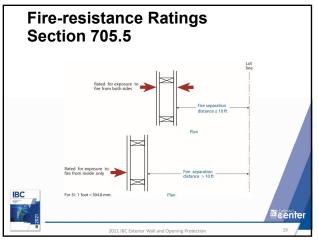
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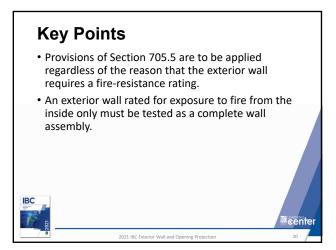


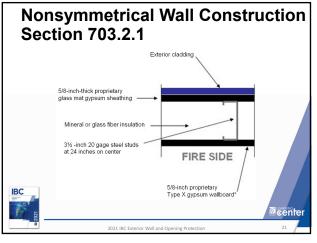




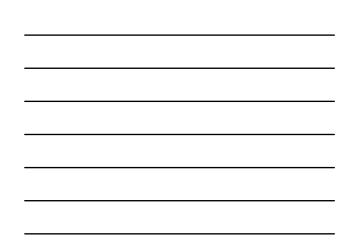


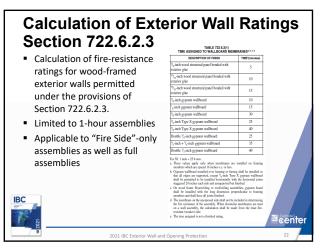






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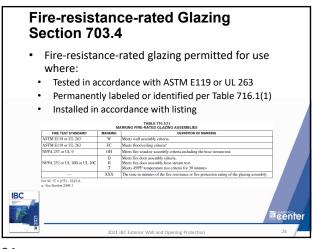


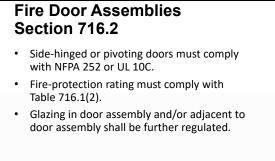






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Fire Window Assemblies Section 716.3

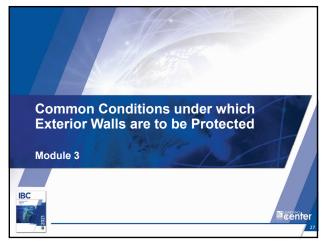
- Fire-protection-rated glazing for fire window assemblies shall meet acceptance criteria of NFPA 257 or UL 9.
- Protected openings may be required in nonfireresistance-rated exterior walls under the provisions of Sections 705.8.5 and 705.8.6.
 - Vertical separation of openings
 - Vertical exposure
- A minimum fire-protection rating of 45 minutes shall be required for such openings.

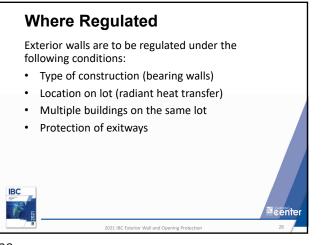
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Type of Construction Chapter 6

- Bearing walls regulated for fire-resistance because of structural integrity conditions are addressed by Chapter 6 and Table 601.
- Nonbearing walls are not regulated for type of construction purposes
- Fire-resistance shall be required because of its:
 - Contribution to structural stability/integrity
 Types I, IIA, III, IV and VA
 - Perimeter containment/resistance under fire conditions

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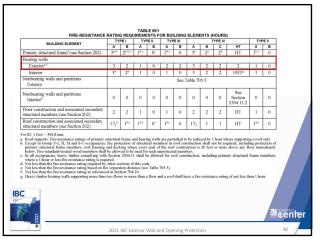
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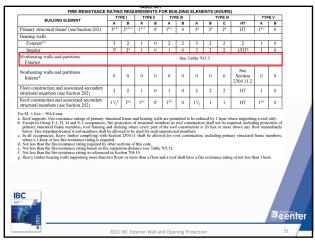
Types IIIA, IIIB and IV

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Openings in Bearing Walls Section 602.1

- Openings in exterior walls require no fireresistance-rated or fire-protection-rated protection where wall rating only required per Table 601.
- Opening protection may be required by other provisions of the code, such as Table 705.5 regulating its location on the lot.
 - Most restrictive provisions apply

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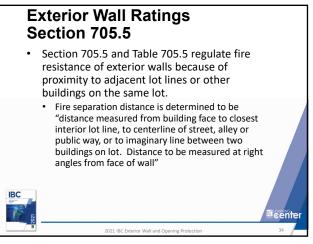
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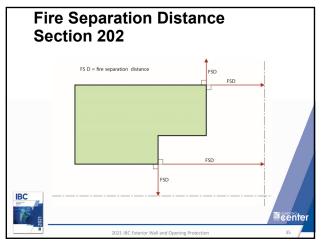
Lot Line Concept

- Use of the lot line as controlling factor based on the concern that control is only possible on own lot
- Lot line concept is used as means of protecting one building from another as far as exposure is concerned
 - Exposure is deemed as a potential for heat to be transmitted from one building to another during fire conditions
- Radiation is considered a primary means of heat transfer
 - Lot line concept is also utilized where multiple buildings are located on the same lot

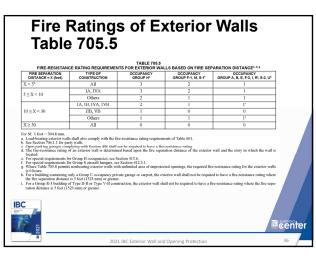
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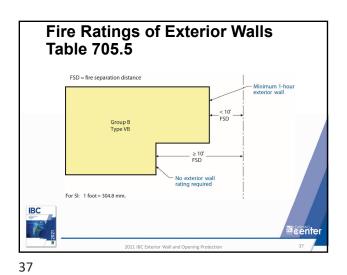




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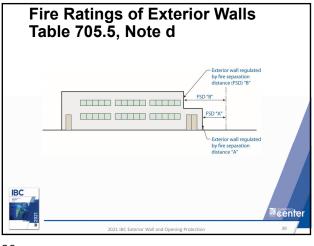






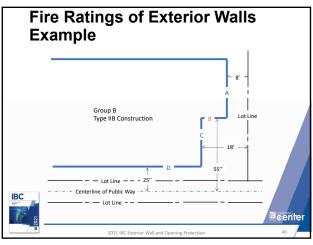
Fire Ratings of Exterior Walls Table 705.5 FSD = fire separation distance Only this portion of exterior wall required to be of 1-hour construction Type VB 10 FSD 10 FSD

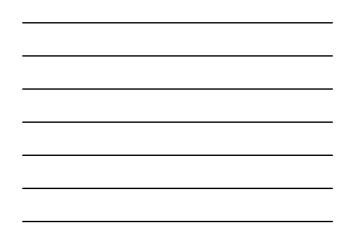
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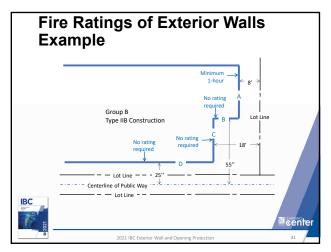




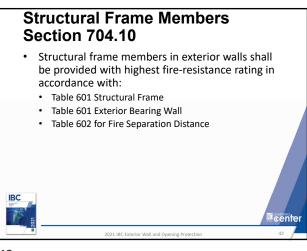
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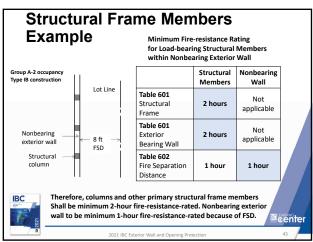




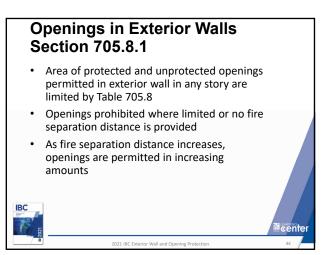


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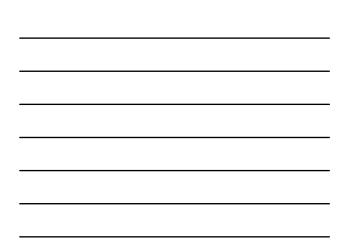


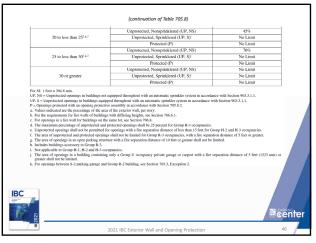




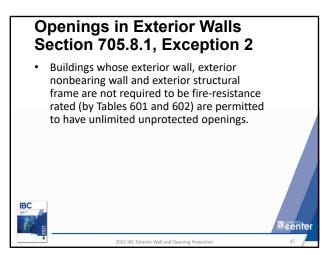


| MAXIMU FIRE SEPARA | TABLE 705.8 UM AREA OF EXTERIOR WALL OPENINGS BASED ON ATION DISTANCE AND DEGREE OF OPENING PROTE | I CTION |
|--|---|----------------------------|
| FIRE SEPARATION DISTANCE (feet) | DEGREE OF OPENING PROTECTION | ALLOWABLE AREA® |
| | Unprotected, Nonsprinklered (UP, NS) | Not Permitted ^k |
| 0 to less than 3 ^{b, e, k} | Unprotected, Sprinklered (UP, S) | Not Permitted ^k |
| L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L | Protected (P) | Not Permitted ^k |
| | Unprotected, Nonsprinklered (UP, NS) | Not Permitted |
| 3 to less than 54.4 | Unprotected, Sprinklered (UP, S) | 15% |
| F | Protected (P) | 15% |
| | Unprotected, Nonsprinklered (UP, NS) | 10% ^h |
| 5 to less than 10 ^{6,6,j} | Unprotected, Sprinklered (UP, S) | 25% |
| F | Protected (P) | 25% |
| | Unprotected, Nonsprinklered (UP, NS) | 15% ^b |
| 10 to less than 15 ^{e, f, g, j} | Unprotected, Sprinklered (UP, S) | 45% |
| | Protected (P) | 45% |
| | Unprotected, Nonsprinklered (UP, NS) | 25% |
| 15 to less than 20 ^{6.8.3} | Unprotected, Sprinklered (UP, S) | 75% |
| F | Protected (P) | 75% |
| - | (continued) | |

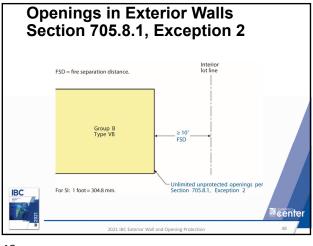




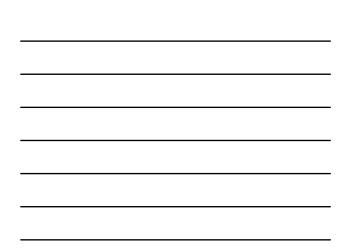


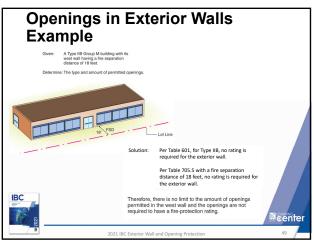


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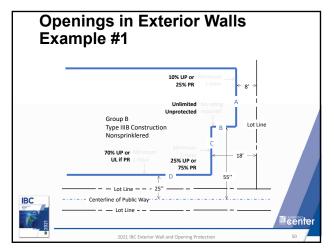


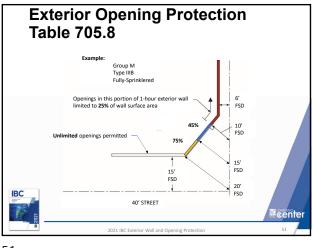
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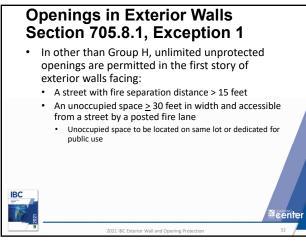


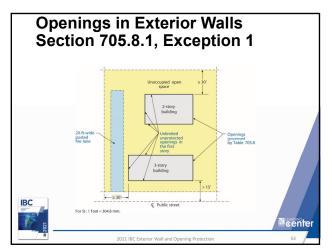




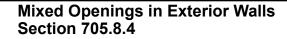


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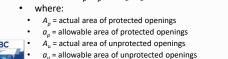


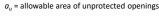
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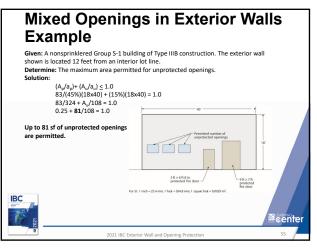
· Where both protected and unprotected openings are located in an exterior wall in any story, total area of openings shall comply with the following formula (only applicable to nonsprinklered buildings):

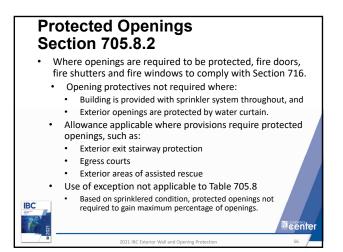
 $(A_p/a_p)+(A_u/a_u) \leq 1.0$



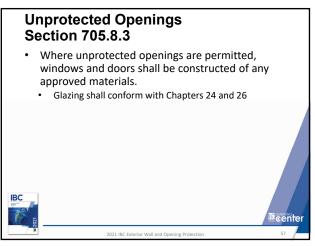


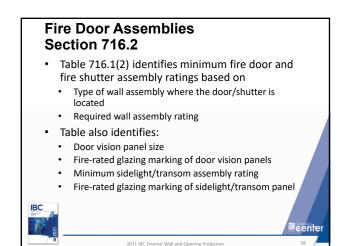
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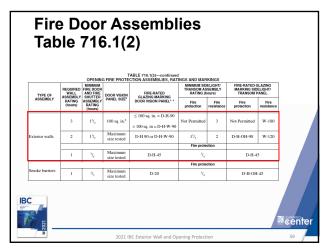




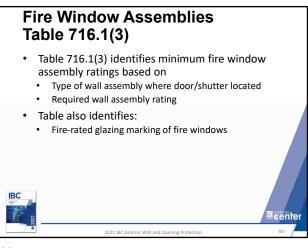
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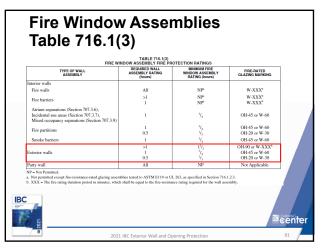




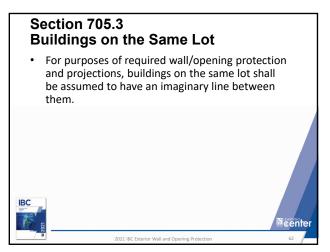


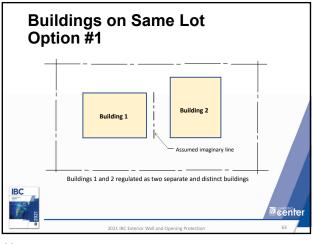
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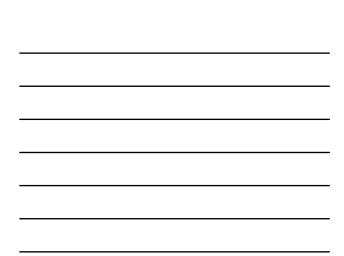


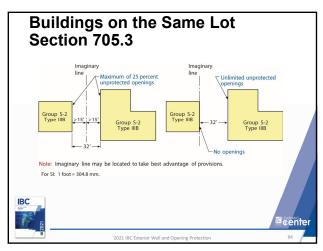


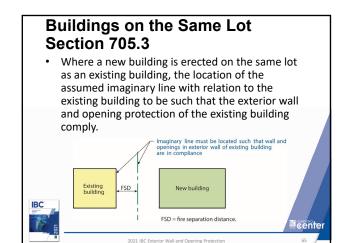












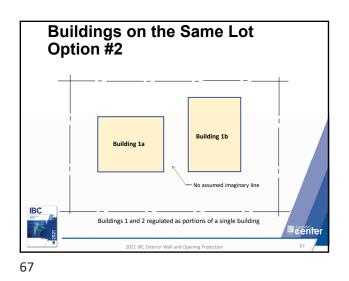
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Buildings on the Same Lot Section 705.3, Exception 1

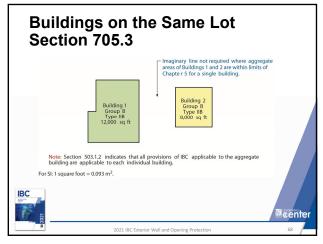
- As an alternative, multiple buildings on the same lot are permitted to be considered as portions of a single building if the aggregate area of such buildings are within limits specified in Chapter 5 for single building.
- Where buildings contain different occupancy groups or are of different types of construction, areas shall be that allowed for the most restrictive occupancy or construction.

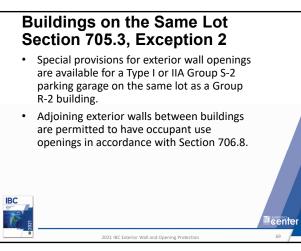
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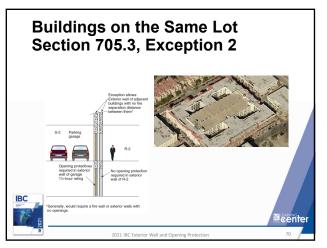
 Provisions of the IBC applicable to aggregate building shall be applicable to each building (Section 503.1.2).









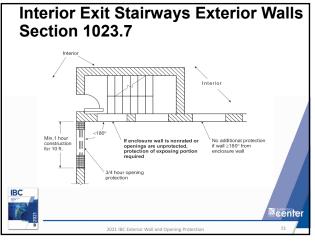


Interior Exit Stairways Exterior Walls Section 1023.7

- Exterior walls of interior exit stairways and ramps shall comply with Section 705
- Where nonrated walls or unprotected openings enclose the exterior of the stairway, protection shall be provided at adjacent walls and openings where exposed at less than 180 degrees.



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Exterior Stairway Protection Section 1027.6

- Exterior stairways and ramps shall be separated from the interior of the building per Section 1023.2.
- Openings limited to those necessary for egress from normally occupied spaces.
- Exceptions include where:
 - Stairway serves two stories maximum (not R-1 or R-2)
 - Access to 2nd exit is provided
 - Complying open-ended corridors are provided
 - Group R-3 not more than 4 stories in height

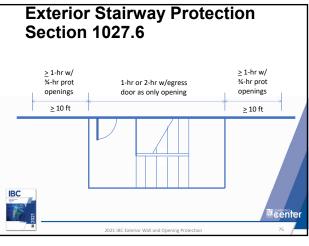
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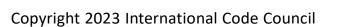
Exterior Stairway Protection Section 1027.6

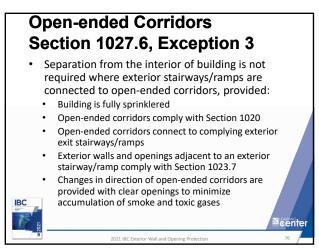
- Exterior stairways and ramps shall be separated from the interior and comply with provisions for interior exit stairways and ramps (Section 1023.2).
- Separation to be:
- Minimum 1-hour where a stairway/ramp serves three or fewer stories
- Minimum 2-hour where a stairway/ramp serves four or more stories
- In addition to protection required in an exterior wall common to an exterior stairway/ramp, additional projection is required in walls adjacent to a stairway.

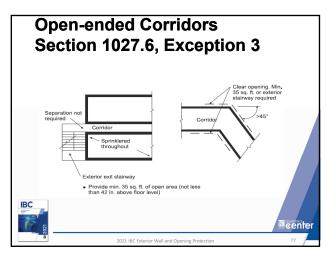
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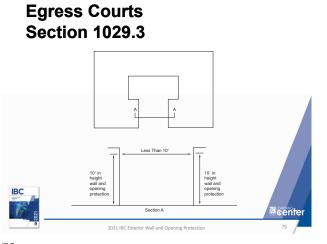
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Egress Courts Section 1029.3

- Egress court less than 10 feet in width to be separated from building with:
 - Walls with minimum 1-hour fire-resistance-rated construction to a minimum height of 10 feet
 - Openings protected a minimum ¾-hour
 - Exceptions for egress courts serving:
 - Occupant load of less than 10, or
 - Group R-3 occupancies



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Inaccessible Exit Discharge Section 1009.7.2

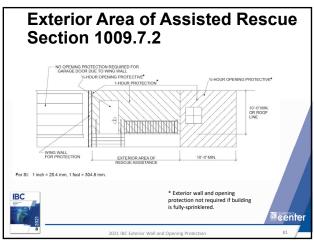
- If exit discharge is not accessible, one of the following components must be provided:
 - Interior area of refuge, or
 - Exterior area of rescue assistance.
- Required fire separation at exterior wall creates 'protect-in-place' condition.
- Fire-resistance rating and opening protectives not required where building is sprinklered throughout

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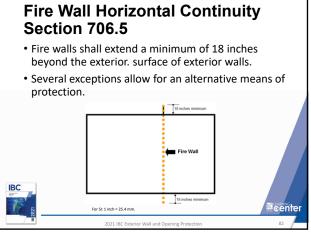
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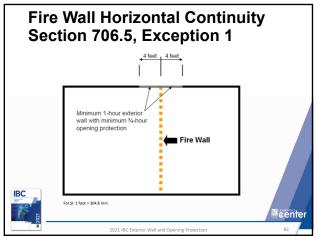
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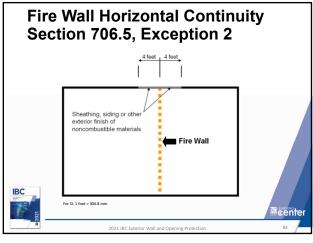






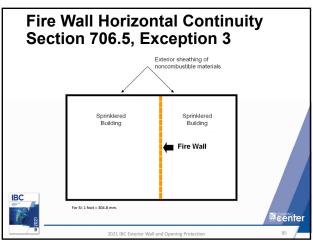




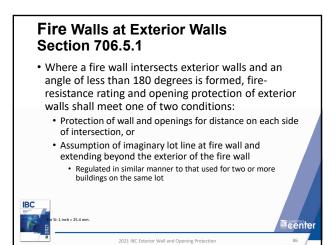




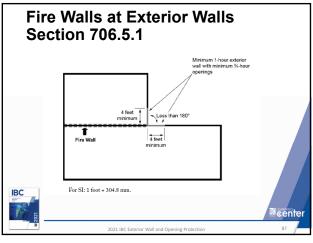


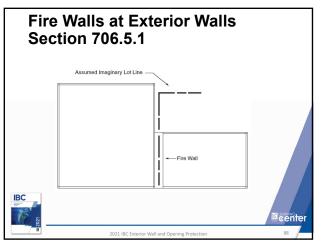




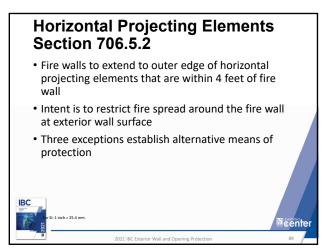


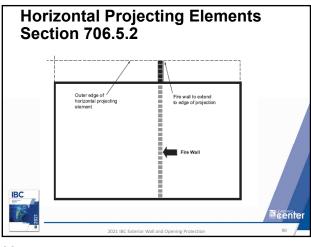
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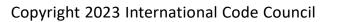


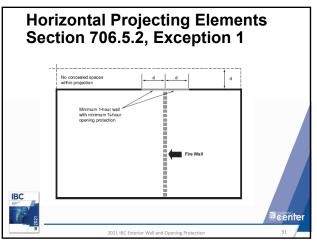




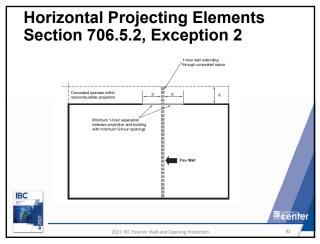


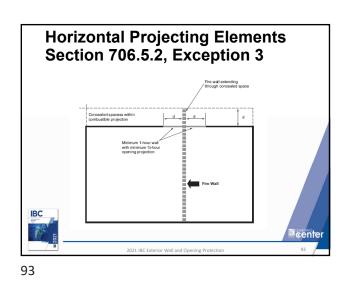


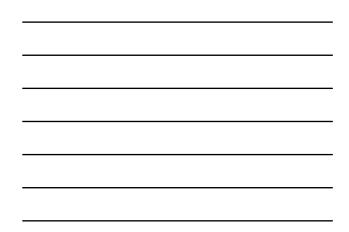


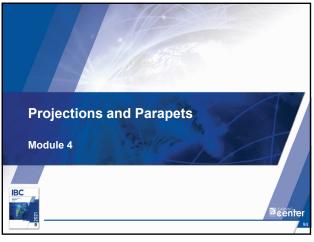












Projections and Parapets Sections 705.2 and 705.11

- While projections are only regulated where they are provided at exterior walls, parapets may be required based on varying conditions.
- Projections are regulated to the increased hazard they may pose because of their proximity to a lot line or another building on the same lot.
- Parapets are mandated in those cases where roof protection is required because of proximity to a lot line or another building on the same lot.

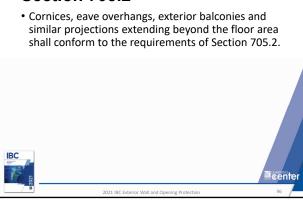
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Projections Section 705.2

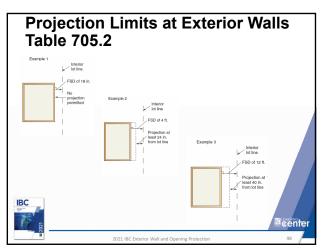


Projection Limits at Exterior Walls Section 705.2

- Table 705.2 sets forth the limitations regarding the permitted extent of projections.
- Assuming a projection adjacent to an interior lot line, no projection beyond the building's exterior wall is permitted where the exterior wall is less than 2 feet from the lot line.

| | | E 705.2 E OF PROJECTION | |
|-------------------|--|---|--------|
| | FIRE SEPARATION DISTANCE (FSD) (feet) | MINIMUM DISTANCE FROM LINE USED TO DETERMINE FSD | |
| | 0 to less than 2 | Projections not permitted | |
| | 2 to less than 3 | 24 inches | |
| IBC | 3 to less than 5 | Two-thirds of FSD | |
| Harrison Harrison | 5 or greater | 40 inches | |
| 502 | For SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm; 1 inch = 25.4 mm. | | Center |
| 8 | 2021 IBC Exterior Wall an | nd Opening Protection | 97 |

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Projections Section 705.2

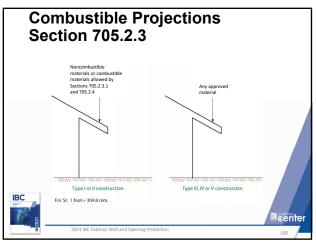
- Projections from walls of Type I or II construction shall be of noncombustible materials or combustible materials where allowed by Sections 705.2.3.1 and 705.2.4
- Projections from walls of Type III, IV or V construction shall be of any approved material
- Combustible projections extending to within 5 feet of fire separation distance line shall be:

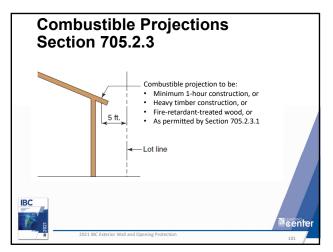
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- 1-hour fire-resistance-rated construction, or
- heavy-timber construction, or
- fire-retardant-treated wood, or
- as permitted by Section 705.2.3.1

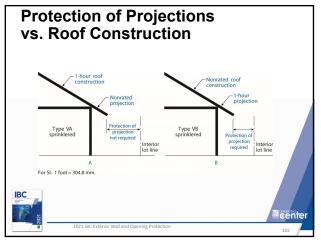


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Balconies and Similar Projections Sections 705.2.3.1, 705.2.4

- Section 705.2.3.1 regulates combustible projections on the exterior side of exterior walls, including balconies and similar elements such as porches, decks and exterior stairways.
- Combustible balconies and similar projections to be of FRT wood, Type IV materials, or fire-resistance rated per Table 601 for floor construction (with exceptions).
- Section 705.4 deals with combustible bay and oriel windows.

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Parapets Section 705.11

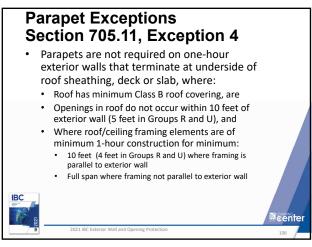
- Parapet wall is defined as "a part of any wall completely above the roof line."
- As a base requirement, parapets shall be provided on all exterior walls unless specifically exempted.
- Multiple exceptions eliminate the mandate for parapets.
- Where one or more exceptions are met, the provisions of Section 705.11 do not apply.

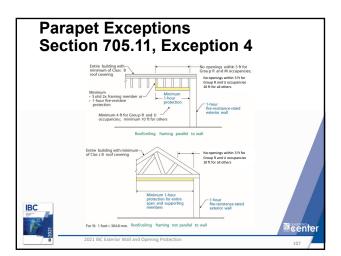
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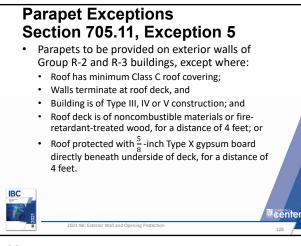
Parapet Exceptions Section 705.11 – Exceptions 1-3

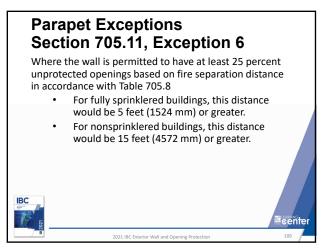
- Parapets need not be provided on exterior walls of buildings where any of the following conditions exist:
 - The wall is not required to be fire-resistance rated in accordance with Table 705.5 because of fire separation distance.
 - 2. The building has an area of not more than 1,000 square feet (93 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{m}}^2$) on any floor.
 - Walls that terminate at roofs of not less than 2-hour fire-resistance-rated construction or where the roof, including the deck and supporting construction, is constructed entirely of noncombustible materials.

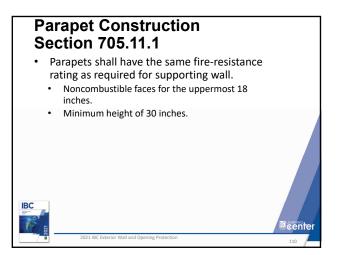




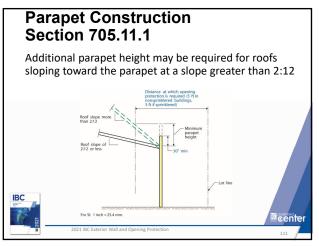


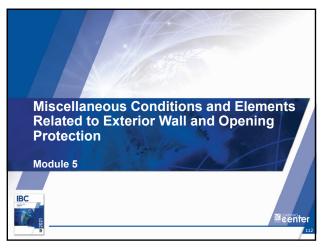


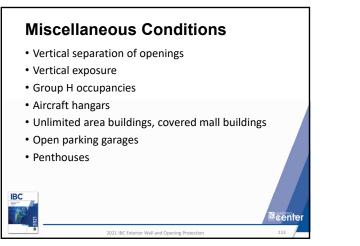




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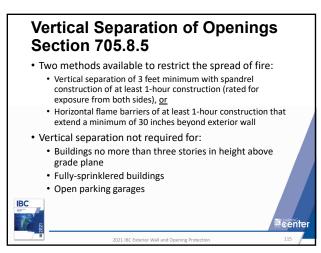


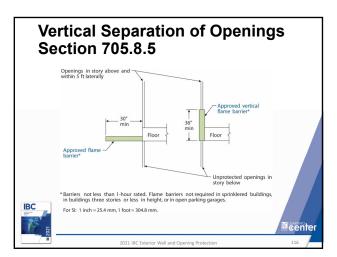
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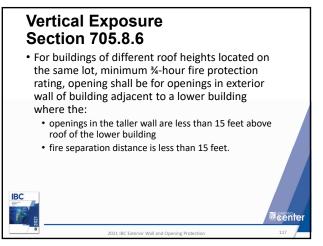
Vertical Separation of Openings Section 705.8.5

- Openings in adjacent stories to be separated vertically to restrict exterior fire spread from story to story
- Applies where:
 - openings are within 5 feet of each other horizontally, and
 - opening in lower story does not have a minimum ¾-hour fire protection rating

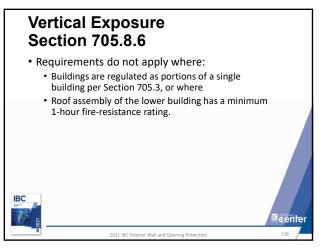
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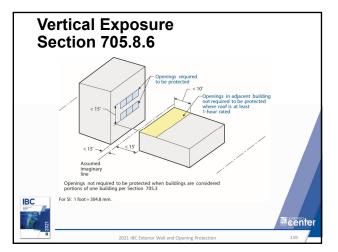




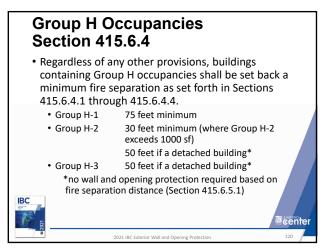


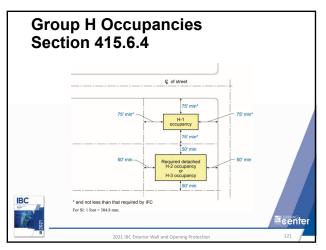






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Aircraft Hangars Section 412.3.1

- Exterior walls shall have a minimum 2-hour fireresistance rating where located less than 30 feet from lot lines or a public way
 - Measurement not necessarily related to fire separation distance
 - Provision not applicable to opposing walls of hangars where two or more hangars occur on same lot.
 IBC Sections 503.1.2 and 705.3 address multiple hangars on the same lot

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Measurement taken to nearest public way, not its center line

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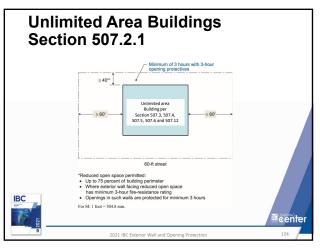
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Unlimited Area Buildings Section 507.2.1

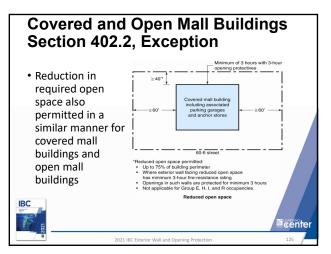
• Reduction in the required open space surrounding the perimeter of unlimited area buildings is permitted provided:

- Exterior walls have a minimum 3-hour fire-resistance rating, and
- Openings in exterior walls have a minimum 3-hour fireresistance rating.
- The base requirement of a minimum of 60 feet of open space may be reduced to not less than 40 feet for a maximum of 75 percent of the perimeter.

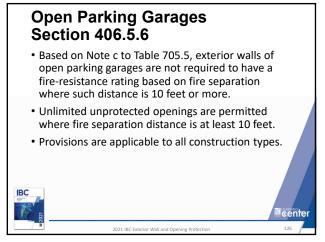


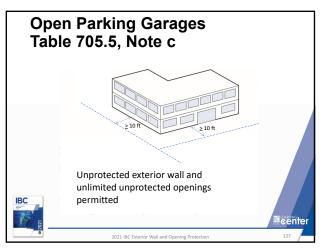




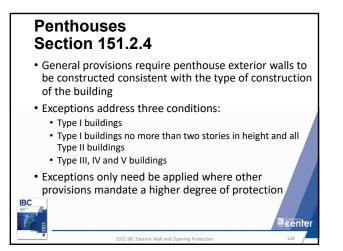


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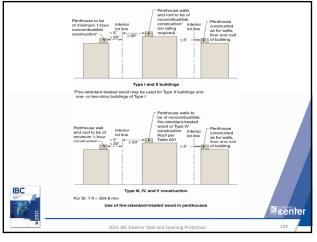






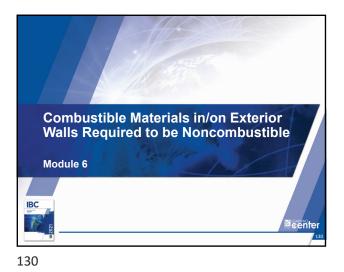


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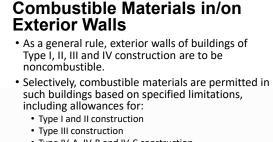


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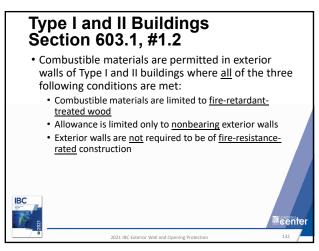
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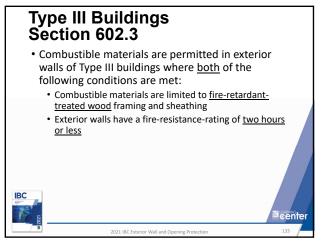


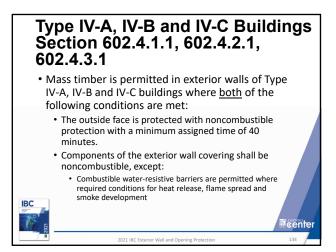
- Type IV-HT construction
- Water-resistive barriers
- Exterior wall coverings
- Metal composite materials
 Foam plastics

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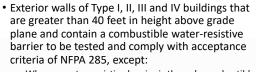
Type IV-HT Buildings Sections 602.4.4.1, 602.4.4.2

- Combustible materials are permitted in exterior walls of Type III buildings where <u>both</u> of the following conditions are met:
 - Combustible materials are limited to <u>fire-retardant-</u> <u>treated wood</u> framing and sheathing, <u>or</u> minimum 4inch-thick <u>cross-laminated timber</u> (CLT)
 - Exterior walls have a fire-resistance-rating of two hours or less

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 Exterior walls may also comply with allowances established for such walls of Type IV-A and IV-B buildings.

Water-Resistive Barriers in Exterior Walls Section 1402.5



- Where a water-resistive barrier is the only combustible component in the exterior wall, and:
- There is a wall covering of brick, concrete, stone, terra cotta, stucco or steel, or
- The barrier has complying heat release rates, a flame spread index < 25, a smoke-developed index < 450, and a complying heat release rate.

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Combustible Materials on the Exterior Side of Exterior Walls Section 1405.1.1

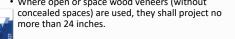
- Section 1405.1.1 permits combustible wall coverings on the exterior side of exterior walls of buildings of Type I, II, III and IV where limited to:
 - 10% of the wall surface where fire separation distance is less than 5 feet, and
 - 40 feet in height above grade plane regardless of fire separation distance
- No limit on surface area and allowed to 60 feet in height where of fire-retardant-treated wood.



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Combustible Materials on the Exterior Side of Exterior Walls Sections 1405.1.1, 1404.5

- Wood veneers may also be installed on the exterior side of exterior walls of Type I, II, III and IV buildings provided:
 - Veneer is limited in thickness as specified in Section 1404.5
 - Veneer is limited to 40 feet in height above grade
 60 feet where FRT wood is used
- Veneer is attached to, or furred from, a noncombustible backing
 Where open or space wood veneers (without



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Metal Composite Materials (MCM) Section 1406.10

- Metal composite material is a factory-manufactured panel consisting of metal skins bonded to both faces of a solid plastic core.
- In buildings of Types I, II, III and IV construction, MCMs to comply with:
 - Flame spread index of 25 or less, and
 - Smoke-developed index of 450 or less, and
 - Separation from interior of building by an approved thermal barrier consisting of ½" gypsum wallboard
- Alternate membrane permitted where in compliance with both Temperature Fire Test and Integrity Fire Test of NFPA 275
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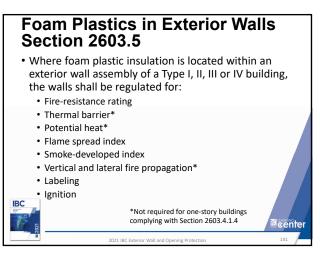
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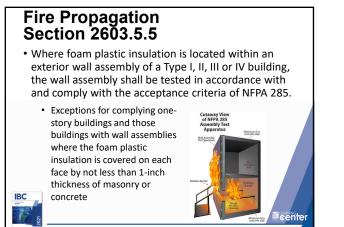
Metal Composite Materials (MCM) Section 1406.10

- Further regulation is established where MCMs are installed more than 40 feet above grade plane on buildings of Type I, II, III or IV construction.
- In addition to the general mandate regulating flame spread, smoke development and thermal barrier protection, such MCM systems are to be tested and comply with acceptance criteria of NFPA 285.
 - Testing to be performed with the MCM in the maximum thickness intended for use.









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Conclusion

- This concludes the presentation addressing exterior wall and opening protection.
- The fire-resistance requirements are intended to address a variety of hazards and concerns, including:

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- Structural integrity
- Radiant heat transfer to adjoining lots and buildings

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- Protection of exitways
- Miscellaneous conditions

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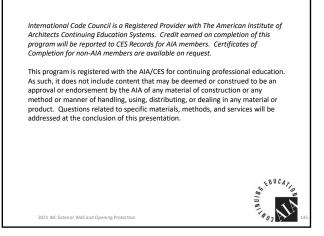
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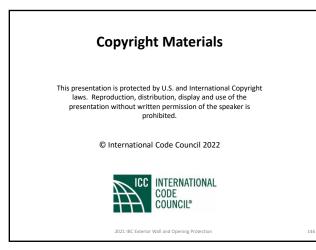
Final Reflection

This slide will help the learner to reflect on the day and what they will take back to the job and apply.

- What? What happened and what was observed in the training?
- So what? What did you learn? What difference did this training make?
- Now what? How will you do things differently back on the job as a result of this training?









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